State of Louisiana

Department of Transportation and Development



CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

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PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Introduction

Construction contract administration for the Department of Transportation and Development includes both contract management and construction management. Contract management is identified by the creation and implementation of all contract documents, the interpretation of which is a highly charged, and intense effort. Rarely is the contract administrator able to please all parties. The best that the administrator can do is to be true to his employer, the people of Louisiana, and produce the best quality work in the shortest amount of time and for the least cost. Construction management requires being a people, equipment, materials, and environment manager. This manual is intended to facilitate construction personnel's conformity to a uniform method of management to building our highway system. This manual will help construction personnel in accomplishing the goal of safely producing the best quality work in the shortest amount of time and for the least cost.

This manual is intended to set forth DOTD's construction contract administration process. The process outlined in this manual closely follows the AASHTO-accepted process made up of six key elements: 1.) Contract Administration; 2.) Daily Work Reports; 3.) Contractor Payments (Partial Estimates); 4.) Change Orders; 5.) Civil Rights; and, 6.) Materials Management. Civil Rights and Materials Management are covered in other manuals. This manual will end with two other requirements of construction personnel. They are the preparation of project close out (final estimates) and the input and use of the computer systems.

In addition to this manual, the Project Engineer must also refer to the abundance of information contained in the Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, training courses, handbooks, Engineering Directives and Standards Manual (EDSM), and "DOTD Construction Memorandums." When there is a discrepancy, the contract and specifications govern over Construction Memorandums; Construction Memorandums govern over EDSM's; EDSM's govern over this manual; and this manual governs over training courses.

1.2 Expectations and Responsibilities

Basic to contract administration is an understanding of the Contract and General Provisions of the Standard Specifications, followed by recognition that there are two parties to the contract and each party has rights as well as obligations. The basic obligation of the Contractor is satisfactory performance of the work and fulfillment of other terms of the contract. His basic right is the reception of fair and just treatment and DOTD's fulfillment of their part of the contract, including cooperation from the Department in his efforts to perform the work, prompt payments for work satisfactorily performed, and the performance of their duties in a manner to avoid undue delays to the Contractor including returning phone calls and answering any communication in a timely manner.

There are many parties involved in a project, including subcontractors, suppliers, consultants, adjacent property owners, and the traveling public. The Department sincerely wishes and strives for a "partnering" atmosphere between all parties. It is absolutely imperative that DOTD treat all parties honestly, with respect and in a friendly manner, even when it seems that the other party is not reciprocating. DOTD project personnel are expected to be proactive and as helpful as possible to all parties without expending unnecessary DOTD resources and without violating DOTD rules.

While it is the policy of the Department to cooperate with the Contractor in his efforts to satisfactorily complete the project, the cost (to the Contractor) of the work is beyond the Department's control and responsibility. However, project personnel, by making timely inspections and issuing clear instructions; by early sampling and testing of materials and prompt furnishing of data needed by the Contractor; by promptly resolving conflicts and being decisive; and by timely preparing payment estimates, can prevent undue Contractors' costs.

Being decisive in contract administration requires a thorough knowledge and understanding of the Standard Specifications, project plans and specifications, construction, and inspection. Prompt and informed decisions are imperative to a successful project.

The Contractor is responsible for furnishing materials that meet the requirements of the contract, for following prescribed procedures, for providing an effective quality control program and for producing an acceptable finished product in conformance with the project plans and specifications. However, except where the specifications specifically provide otherwise, accomplishment of quality assurance programs are the responsibility of the Department. In general, jobsite inspections and the sampling and testing of materials accomplish quality assurance.

To accomplish inspection objectives, the Project Engineer will have the responsibility to ascertain that his staff is qualified to perform their duties, that each is familiar with project plans and specifications, and that they perform their duties in a proper and efficient manner, always striving to maintain a businesslike relationship of mutual cooperation.

Though both the Contractor and the inspector may strive for an amicable relationship, conflicts may develop. The Project Engineer must promptly, fairly, and justly address those conflicts – unresolved minor conflicts that are ignored may cause the development of an adversary relationship.

1.3 Chain-of-Command

The "chain-of-command" in construction contract administration is a functional chain established by the Chief Engineer and is unrelated to the organizational chart of the Department. In descending level-of-authority, the chain is Chief Engineer to Chief, Construction Division to District Construction Engineer to Project Engineer. This

chain of command applies only to contract administration matters administered through the Construction Division. In all other matters, the chain is as shown by the organizational chart of the Department.

In this unique chain-of-command, only the Project Engineer is authorized to act as a direct representative of the Chief Engineer in contract administration. This means that the Project Engineer can speak to the Contractor with the full power and authority of the Chief Engineer, but it does not mean that he has the power and authority of the Chief Engineer. On the contrary, the limits of the Project Engineer's authorities and duties are clearly outlined in the Standard Specifications and DOTD written policies and care must be taken to not go beyond those delegated limits.

All written and verbal communications within the Department relating to specific construction projects must follow the contract administration chain-of-command. Written communications that originate at Headquarters must be addressed to the District Construction Engineer; the Project Engineer must address his writings to the District Construction Engineer.

Construction problems beyond the expertise or authority of the Project Engineer are to be solved by or through the District Construction Engineer. If applicable, the District Construction Engineer, not the Project Engineer, will refer the matter to the Chief, Construction Division. If beyond the authority of the Chief, Construction Division, he will refer the matter to the Chief Engineer.

1.4 Federal Aid Projects

When the United States Government participates in the cost of a project, the Department is responsible for contract administration but the work is subject to the inspection and approval of the Government. The Government is not a party to the contract with the Contractor but has a separate agreement with the Department. The Contractor is not bound by the terms of the separate agreement.

Neither project personnel nor district personnel may directly correspond with the Federal Highway or Federal Aviation Administration; the correspondence must be through Headquarters. This rule does not apply to routine distribution of copies of documents that have been previously requested by those agencies. This rule is not intended to discourage discussion by the project personnel of the project problems with the Area Engineers or other representatives of these two Federal agencies. It is especially important to discuss the problems that could escalate into major expense items that will be shared with these agencies.

The Project Engineer is provided a breakdown of participating and non-participating contract items through the computer estimate system. This information is needed in preparing change orders, estimates, and completing certain forms.

All documents related to a Federal Aid project must include the Federal Aid project number.

If there is a Buy America Contract Provision, all steel products used on the project shall be produced in the United States. The documentation furnished to the project engineer by the contractor shall include a mill test report for the material and a notarized certification with the statement "All material listed above was produced and fabricated in the United States". This will be the only statement accepted.

1.5 Project Plans and Specifications

After a project is let, the Project Engineer is furnished complete sets of plans and specifications. Location field notes may also be furnished; if not furnished, they can be obtained from General Files.

One set of plans should be set aside to be used in preparing as-built plans (see "As-Built Plans"), and one copy of the plans and contract should be reserved for office use. Another copy of each should be kept at the project field laboratory or by the inspector assigned to the project. The remaining copies are used as needed, and additional copies may be obtained from General Files. (Note: Additional copies should be requested early in the project, since General Files may still have extras. Later, because of sheets revised after the project was let, it may be impossible to make exact copies of the as-let plans.)

In case of discrepancy between plans and specifications, calculated dimensions will govern over scaled dimensions; plans will govern over standard plans, standard specifications or supplemental specifications; supplemental specifications will govern over standard specifications; and special provisions will govern over standard specifications, supplemental specifications, and plans.

The Project Engineer and inspectors must be familiar with the contract on their projects in such that they are aware of which specifications govern on an individual project.

1.6 Public Relations

An important part of contract administration is concern for the public, both the traveling public and property owners directly affected by the construction. The public is so important as to warrant a special subsection in the Standard Specifications.

Beyond the absolute requirements of the specifications, the Contractor's cooperation in holding inconveniences to a minimum should be actively solicited. Additionally, project personnel should always courteously listen and respond to the public's question, request, or complaint. Complaints not resolved by project personnel should be promptly referred to higher authority.

All DOTD personnel must avoid inappropriate actions that, in the eyes of the public, cast a bad light on DOTD. The Project Engineer or other supervisors of personnel working in view of the public must take steps to make sure these things do not occur and take necessary steps, including disciplinary actions, as needed.

Section 107.02 of the Standard Specifications requires the contractor to maintain certain minimum insurance coverages that are to protect the State of Louisiana and/or the LADOTD. One of the required insurances is a separate Owner's and Contractor's Protective (OCP) Liability Policy that names the LADOTD as the named insured.

These insurance requirements were instituted at the Division of Administration's request. The Division of Administration, through their Office of Risk Management, administers the State of Louisiana's liabilities.

If a call is received concerning a damage claim, the following action will be taken: Refer the claimant to the Office of Risk Management and to the contractor (name and phone number); then notify the contractor of the call/claim. The project engineer should discuss this at the preconstruction conference with the contractor.

1.7 <u>Utilities</u>

Some utility conflicts are anticipated by the Standard Specifications and the Contractor is charged with the responsibility of bidding accordingly. However, utility companies do not always comply with their agreements and can cause substantial delays to the Contractor. If this happens, refer to EDSM III.3.1.1 "Documenting Utility Conflicts on Construction Projects" and EDSM III.5.1.8 "Project Diary".

1.8 Right-Of-Way Agreements

In the course of obtaining right-of-way for proposed construction, the Department often agrees to special construction for the benefit of property owners. These special features are normally included in the construction plans but occasionally an agreement will be overlooked. This possibility is one of the reasons why the Real Estate Section furnishes the Project Engineer a copy of all right-of-way agreements; so they can be reviewed during construction and complied with (by change order) if not provided for in the construction contract. The Project Engineer should verify with the Real Estate Section that all special agreements have been obtained.

During construction, the Project Engineer may discover that some of these special features were not included in the construction plans. During the change order process needed to correct this oversight, the DOTD Design Project Manager must be notified so that improvements to the plan preparation process can be made.

1.9 Log Mile Projects

In some as-let plans, especially the projects that incorporate the plans bound in the contract; the project is in log miles. If so, except on signing and similar projects, the project is to be chained and stationing substituted for log miles throughout the plans. Stationing must also be used in the as-built plans and final estimate book.

1.10 Surveying and Construction Layout

Most contracts require the Contractor to perform construction surveying. Whether done by the Contractor or the Department, horizontal and vertical control surveying notes must be kept in numbered field books (see "Field Records") and the procedures and notes must be in keeping with generally accepted surveying and engineering practices. The alignment should be recorded in a "Field Book" as issued by General Files, and bench leveling in a "Level Book". All surveying must be done using stations and all field books must use stationing (not log miles). All equations, exceptions, railroad grade crossings and bridges must be stationed and so recorded in plans and field books.

For the purposes of this rule, paper printouts from standard electronic surveying software may be substituted for the required field books, level books, and cross-section books. These paper printouts must include all of the data normally found in the field books, as interpreted by the Project Engineer. The documents should be sequentially numbered so that reconstruction of the survey data is facilitated. These paper printouts may be in formats normally used by Professional Land Surveyors. At the time of the submittal, the contractor must sign the documents and upon receipt, the Project Engineer must sign and date these documents for receipt purposes.

All leveling work, for whatever purpose, must be recorded in field books. Leveling must be "tied back in" to a benchmark and no leveling circuit may be completed with only one set-up of the instrument. This policy applies not only to major work – such as setting temporary benchmarks and taking cross-sections – it applies to all leveling.

On projects requiring construction to specific elevations, it is usually necessary that temporary benchmarks be established. The elevations of those temporary benchmarks are to be determined by leveling from a benchmark shown in the construction plans. The temporary benchmarks are to be numbered and well described in the leveling book.

All temporary benchmarks are to be set throughout the project and their elevations proven before any cross-sections are taken or verified, and before any construction needing elevations begins.

It is the responsibility of the field party to check all level notes, including leveling for cross-sections. The bench level notes and all heights-of-instruments (HIs) are to be

checked before the field books are submitted to the Construction Audit Section. The checker must initial the bottom of each page.

A numbered "Level Book" (issued by General Files) should be used for leveling notes and a numbered "Cross-Section Book" for cross-sections.

All cross-sections are to be recorded in numbered "Cross-Section Books" as issued by General Files, or by electronic survey data collectors. If field books are used, the page heading in the cross-section book is to be filled out at the start of each day.

When the final cross-sections are taken on the finished grade, adjustments in rod readings to subgrade readings should be made in green pencil (in the cross-section book) and the revised readings circled. When taking the cross-sections, allow adequate space in the field book to avoid crowding the data.

When any control monument is encountered within the construction limits of a project, whether shown on the plans or not, the Project Engineer must immediately notify the Location and Survey Administrator, Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, P. 0. Box 94245, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9245, providing him with the construction project number and all information printed on the monument, in order that an investigation may be made and proper disposition determined.

It is imperative that the Contractor be prevented from damaging markers until sufficient time has been allowed for the relocation of the monument or, if appropriate, receipt of authorization to destroy the monument.

1.11 Filing System

A standard and uniform filing system will minimize complications as a result of reassignments, and a system that will assist in the review of final estimates, Summary of Laboratory Reports (Form 2059), and other acceptance and audit processes. Since unusual projects may require additional files, it is the Project Engineer's responsibility to set these up as needed.

CONSTRUCTION PROJECT FILES

Each project should have the files listed below, provided the contract quantities are such that more than 10 documents will be generated for each file. The standard construction files are:

- Contract File
- General Correspondence In
- General Correspondence Out

- E.E.O. File (for Federal Projects only)
- Daily Diary Reports
- Utility Agreements Files. Separate files should be maintained for each utility agreement. These files should contain each respective agreement and utility inspectors daily reports. (See also Chapter IV of the Construction Manual.)
- Partial Estimate File
- Test Pile Reports
- Contractors Payrolls
- Change Orders Pending
- Change Orders Approved
- Right of Entry Forms
- Final Estimates File
- Wage Rate Interview File
- Materials Quality Control Documents

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE FILES

In addition to construction project files, the project engineer must maintain general administrative files as follows:

- General Personnel (consisting of correspondence on overtime, training and general personnel information, Civil Service, retirement, etc.)
- Employee Personnel File (consisting of one folder for each employee for personnel records, Including training records)
- Payroll and Requests for Leave
- Expense Accounts
- Materials Used Reports
- Property Inventory, Equipment Transfer, and Instrument Assignment Records
- Passenger Equipment Assignments
- Small Tools and Accountable Items
- Safety Meeting Records
- Petty Cash
- Standard State Invoices
- Nuclear Density Radioactive Source Certificates
- DOTD Construction Memorandums
- Miscellaneous Memorandums Receipt

PART II: PRECONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

2.1 Plan-in-Hand

Although not part of contract administration, a "plan-in-hand" is an important precedent. This is often the Project Engineer's first knowledge of the project and is his best opportunity to have an influence in the relevancy, constructability, and completeness of the project plans and specifications. A plan-in-hand inspection is a field inspection made with preliminary plans of the proposed project by representatives of the Design Sections (Bridge and/or Road), Construction Section, District, Consultant (if applicable), and Federal Highway Administration (if applicable). In order to efficiently and effectively accomplish the inspection, it will be the policy of the Department to limit the number of participants for a plan-in-hand party to the minimum possible at all times. Therefore, the designated members of the party should not invite any members of their staff, or others, unless their presence is imperative.

The success of the plan-in-hand is enhanced by the Project Engineer's participation. The most successful plan-in-hands are those in which the Project Engineer has reviewed the plans, made a prior field inspection, and identified sites, including layout of the project. The Project Engineer should strive to take such actions within time and manpower limitations.

Plan-in-hands are held in accordance with EDSM I.2.1.1 "Policies for Plan-in-Hand Inspections".

2.2 Advance Check Print Review

Another important precedent to contract administration is the review of the advance check prints. At this stage, the Project Engineer can make certain that the project personnel's plan-in-hand comments are included in the current edition of the plans. In addition, changes to the site, changes to standards, and changes to traffic conditions can be included in the plans.

2.3 Proposal Review

Another precedent to contract administration is proposal review. Prior to receipt of bids the Project Engineer is furnished one copy of the proposal (project plans and specifications) for review. The review, including field inspection if possible, should be as complete as time-before-letting permits. Discrepancies or omissions of consequence should be discussed with the District Construction Engineer and followed up in writing.

Prior to bidding, any questions or concerns about project plans and specifications by the contractor, supplier, etc. should be directed to the Project Engineer or Project Manager. The Project Engineer or Project Manager is responsible to provide answers, either from his knowledge of the project or after consulting with the others in the department.. If the questions provoke doubt in the Project Engineer's mind that contractors could not reasonably anticipate the answer, a request should be made through the chain of command to have the DOTD Design Project Manager develop the answer and advise all potential bidders. The Project Engineer should properly document all questions and answers. In addition, all questions and answers must be furnished to the DOTD Design Project Manager so that questions from contractors and subcontractors may be answered uniformly and for that Division's use in their plan improvement process. To facilitate the Project Engineer's timely need for plans, the Construction Division has made available through the Internet the iSqFt® Plan Room sponsored by the Louisiana Associated General Contractors. If a project is advertised for bidding, the plans will be available to the Project Engineers at the same time they are available to the contractors.

PART III: CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

3.1 Pre-Construction Conference

A Pre-Construction Conference will be held on all projects. These conferences should be scheduled sufficiently in advance to permit the attendance of all parties concerned.

Upon Notice of Contract Execution, the Project Engineer and District Construction Engineer should confer and arrange a preconstruction conference to be held in advance of any work on the project, if possible.

Compliance Office personnel must be notified in order that their representatives may attend to discuss the EEO contract requirements and the DBE/WBE provisions of the contract. On Federal Aid Projects, the Area Engineer shall be notified of the time, date and location of the conference so that representatives of the Federal Highway Administration may attend if they so wish.

On all airport projects, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) representatives and Assistant Secretary, Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, Office of Aviation, will be given a minimum of two (2) weeks advance notice of the date, time and location of the Pre-Construction Conference.

Utility Companies shall be notified well in advance of the conference in order that their representatives can make arrangements to attend. It is vitally important on most projects that the utility representatives attend the conference, where sequences of construction may be developed to provide for the orderly relocations of utilities to minimize delays.

The Contractor should be requested to urge any subcontractor to attend. Subcontractor requirements and anticipated usage should be discussed at the conference.

Minutes of the conference will be documented by a report, a copy of which will be transmitted to the office of the Chief, Construction Division

Prior to the Pre-Construction Conference, the Project Engineer should prepare items to be discussed. The Project Engineer must use the "LADOTD PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE CHECKLIST" found on the Construction Division Intranet home page. Items to be discussed may vary depending on the project, the Contractor and Department personnel. However, the specifications require that four items be furnished to the Department prior to or at the meeting:

- 1. Superintendent's name and home telephone number, and/or other field representatives in responsible positions on the project.
- 2. Progress Schedule
- 3. Shop drawing schedule (to Bridge Design)
- 4. Pile installation plan

Additionally, the Department, through past directives and practice has established other items that are mandatory to be discussed:

- 1. Utility conflicts and relocations
- 2. All special provisions not normally encountered
- 3. Sampling plan, Contractor's and Department's furnished to each other at the meeting
- 4. Notice to proceed date
- 5. Partial estimate due date
- 6. Temporary erosion control, including NPDES permit requirements
- 7. Information to be posted at the jobsite
- 8. Safety at the jobsite

Other items to be discussed will be determined in the District. A successful preconstruction conference should result in both the Contractor and the Department personnel having a clear understanding of the plan of construction and expectations and responsibilities of all parties.

3.2 Notice to Proceed

The District in which the work is to be performed will issue all Notices to Proceed, with the following exceptions, to the Contractor. The Project Control Section at Headquarters will issue Notices to Proceed on statewide projects. The specific entity or project sponsor will issue Notices to Proceed on projects to which the Department is not a signatory, such as Urban Systems Projects and Enhancement Projects after they are notified that the contracts have been executed. In any other unusual

circumstance that lends itself to a Headquarters issued document, Project Control will issue the Notices to Proceed.

The District Administrator or his designated representative will issue notices issued by the District after considering local factors and the Contractor's input. Every effort will be made to issue the notice within fourteen calendar days of the contract execution date indicated in the "Notice of Contract Execution"; however, all notices for Department construction and maintenance projects must be issued, in writing to the Contractor, within thirty calendar days of the contract execution date as indicated in the "Notice of Contract Execution". If circumstances dictate that the notice(s) needs to be delayed beyond thirty calendar days, the District Administrator shall provide timely written justification and request approval of the delay through the Chief Engineer.

In no case shall the notice be delayed beyond sixty calendar days past the contract award date without the written mutual consent of both the Contractor and the Department. If an approved change order provides for an adjustment to the days provided in the contract under a "Conditional Notice to Proceed", the adjustment must be reflected in both the "Conditional Notice to Proceed" and the "Notice to Proceed", by revision if necessary.

The "Notice of Contract Execution" will be issued by the Project Control Section for Headquarters bid projects and by the District Administrator or his designee for projects bid in the District.

See examples of the typical "Notice to Proceed" and "Conditional Notice to Proceed." These written notices to the Contractor shall essentially be of the same form and content as that of the attached examples with copies distributed as indicated on the examples.

3.3 Construction Administration and Inspection (Construction Management)

Construction Management consists of managing the project to achieve Quality, Budget, and Schedule. Though the Contractor is charged with the management of his activities to comply with the terms of the contract, the contract itself requires the Department to be involved in the construction management process.

3.3.1 Quality

A primary duty of personnel performing construction engineering and inspection is to ensure the quality of construction. The requirements and duties are complex and contain much detail. Processes and requirements are contained in other manuals and are beyond the scope of this manual.

Consistent with current department policy, DOTD personnel holding valid certifications shall be physically present on the job whenever construction

activities are in progress. Department certifications for construction operations are as follows:

Certified Embankment and Base Course Inspector.

Certified PCC Paving Inspector

Certified Structural Concrete Inspector

Certified Asphaltic Concrete Paving Inspector

Certified Asphaltic Concrete Plant Inspector.

These requirements also apply to consulting engineers doing construction inspection on projects.

3.3.2 Budget

The Project Engineer and other field personnel must recognize that the Department has a budget and that they must strive to complete the project within this budget. There are changes to the work that must be avoided:

- Scope Creep adding work to the project not planned for the completion of the project.
- Delay Claims due to DOTD not taking timely actions or making timely decisions.
- Quantity overruns in high volume unit pay items requiring that project personnel pay close attention to yield control.

A Value Engineering Committee will review all proposed Value Engineering submittals and recommend either adoption or rejection. One committee member is selected from Road Design; one from Bridge Design; one from FHWA for Federal Aid Projects; and one from Construction who is Chairman.

The contractor has the option of submitting a conceptual VE proposal to the Committee for review prior to making a formal submission or submitting the formal VE Proposal directly. Under normal circumstances, the process is as follows:

- 1. The contractor submits 6 copies of the VE Proposal to the Project Engineer;
- 2. The Project Engineer reviews the VE Proposal with the District Construction Engineer;
- 3. The Districts' comments are submitted with 5 copies of the Proposal to the Committee Chairman;
- 4. If the Committee disagrees with the District's comments, the Committee will meet with the Project Engineer and/or District construction Engineer within 10 working days;
- 5. If necessary, the Committee will request a meeting with the contractor;
- 6. The Committee will render a decision within 5 working days after these meetings. If the VE Proposal is recommended for approval, the District will be advised to prepare a Category 1 Plan Change.

Please refer to Subsection 105.19, Value Engineering Proposals, for specification requirements.

3.3.3 Schedule

On most projects, the Department specifies a contract time in which the project is to be built. This is the basis for the schedule, and DOTD and the Contractor must manage the project to meet the schedule; otherwise the objective of the contract has not been met. The Standard Specifications require that the Contractor submit a Construction Progress Schedule giving a satisfactory schedule of operations that provides for completion of the work within the allotted contract time. On some projects, the special provisions require a CPM schedule.

3.3.3.1 Standard (Bar Chart) Construction Progress Schedule

The schedule must be on the bar graph form furnished by the Department. This schedule will be used as the basis of establishing the controlling items of work, assessing contract time and as a check on the progress of the work. The Contractor's schedule shall be similar to this form, in the opinion of the Department.

The Contractor must either follow the approved schedule or submit a revised one. If a schedule (either original or revised) is acceptable, the Project Engineer should print or type, "APPROVED" on it, then sign and date. The Project Engineer should retain the original; send one copy to the Contractor, one to District, and one to the Chief, Construction Division.

Approval of the schedule means only that the Department agrees that if the Contractor can and does follow the schedule, the project will be completed within the allotted contract time.

The schedule must list major items or preferably, groups of related items. These "major items" need not be "major items" as defined by the specifications.

Non-related items (such as asphaltic concrete and shoulder gravel) may not be grouped together.

The number of items should be kept to a practical minimum.

The Construction Progress Schedule should give a satisfactory schedule of operations that provides for the completion of the work within the contract time.

The schedule must not conflict with any requirements of the contract.

Bars should be used to show durations. Heavy lines with arrows (both ends) may be used if they can be readily distinguished from the chart gridlines.

At the bottom of the schedule, at the controlling items, both numbers and items of work are preferred, but numbers (only) are acceptable.

The schedule may show only one item controlling during a given period.

Durations shown on the schedule are considered maximums, not minimums. Contractors can and often do finish work items, and the project, well ahead of schedule.

Should a controlling work item be completed early, the controlling work item automatically goes forward to the next controlling work item. A revised schedule is not required when work is completed early, but is allowed. If a revised schedule is submitted, it must again give a satisfactory schedule of operations that provides for the completion of the work within the contract time.

Proposed schedules will sometimes show an item of work to be controlling for what may appear to be an excessive duration. This is acceptable because unless otherwise required by the contract, the Department does not specify rate of progress on the individual items of work in the contract. The specifications only require that the entire work be completed within the allotted contract time.

However, by definition a controlling work item is an item of construction that should be in progress at the time, as essential to the orderly completion of the work. If as the project develops the "long duration" work continues to meet the definition of a controlling work item, then it should be used in assessing contract time. If it does not, a revised schedule should be requested.

On a given controlling work item, contract time charges will be based on that item until the item is either (a) complete or (b) complete to the point where another item becomes the controlling work item, whichever is shown in the schedule.

If the schedule shows that an item is to be completed before the next controlling item begins, but for whatever reason the Contractor begins work on a second controlling item before the first is complete, contract time charges should be assessed against the first item until either (a) the Contractor is no longer working on the first item with full forces or (b) the Contractor is effectively working on the second item and the second item is contributing more to the completion of the project.

During a specific period the Contractor may work on any number of contract items, but only one of those shall be considered the controlling work item. The order of controlling work items is portrayed by the Contractor in his progress schedule. If the work simultaneously underway is governed by the Contractor's resources and job conditions, then the controlling work item may have changed. In this case, the Project Engineer must ask for a revised progress schedule so that time charges can be properly determined.

3.3.3.2 Critical Path Method

A CPM schedule is required only when the standard specifications are waived and the special provision specification is put in its place. On a working day job, the critical path of the schedule is used in the same way as the controlling items in the "Bar Graph" presented in 3.3.3.1.

ACCEPTANCE OF THE SCHEDULE

Project personnel must verify that the CPM schedule and its attachments meet the detailed requirement of the specification. In addition, project personnel must examine the CPM schedule details to make certain that each activity is a fair and reasonable representation of that portion of the work and that the activity is fairly and reasonably linked to its proper predecessors and its successors. Special attention must be given to insignificant or peripheral items of work that are critical in status.

If the schedule (either original or revised) is acceptable, the Project Engineer should write a letter to the Contractor stating so and naming the particular schedule name and revision date. The Project Engineer should keep one copy; send one copy to the District and one to the Chief, Construction Division.

The Project Engineer's letter should include the statement "Approval of the CPM schedule" means only that the DOTD agrees that if the Contractor can and does follow the schedule, the project will be completed within the calculated time.

The number of activities is maximized in the best CPM schedules.

The CPM schedule must not conflict with any requirements of the contract.

The CPM schedule, by specifications, must be recalculated in conjunction with each pay estimate. The recalculated CPM schedule should be revised for continued conformity to the specification, for changes to the logic, and for differences to the critical path. Changes to the logic includes, change to duration, predecessors, successors, driving resources, etc.

Requests for additional time must be proven by insertions of the added or changed activities into the most recent updated schedule.

3.3.3.3 Contract Time

There is a misconception by some that, based on Subsection 108.08, contract time should not be charged after the project can be safely and conveniently used for its intended purpose. On the contrary, Section 108.08 provides only that the contractor may request a waiver of stipulated damages that accrue after the work can be used for its intended purposes. The decision to waive such stipulated damages can only be approved by the Chief Engineer. There are conditions that justify stopping contract time, such as awaiting final inspection, waiting on test reports, etc. However, suspension of time for any reason under the control of the contractor (such as dressing up, erosion control, clean up, etc.) can only be approved by the Chief Engineer by Change Order.

There are two different types of contract time specified, depending on the project; working day and calendar day.

WORKING DAY PROJECTS

The charging of a contract day will be in accordance with the specifications. Documentation is required each day to back-up decisions to charge days on working day projects. Time is to be charged in accordance with the contract on a day-by-day basis with no prejudice. No prejudice means that the Project Engineer cannot give the Contractor a break on account of his bad luck or bad planning or for any other reason. No prejudice also means that the Project Engineer cannot use time charges in a punitive manner to harm a Contractor perceived to be non-cooperative or for any other reason. Contract time should be charged based on the progress

schedule and project conditions. In the event of a borderline call, the policy is to give the Contractor the benefit of the doubt. Some examples of conditions beyond the control of the Contractor are:

- Weather and working conditions.
- Industry-wide or area-wide strikes. These must be documented showing the beginning and ending dates and the controlling item or items of work directly affected. Strikes involving a single Contractor will be considered on an individual basis and must be documented in a similar manner giving reason for the strike. Strikes involving a single local material supplier will not normally be considered justification for not charging contract time unless there are unusual circumstances involved. If such is the case, it will be handled in the same manner as strikes involving a single Contractor.
- Material shortages. Only shortages occurring after the contract is let, unforeseeable by the Contractor and when no other source is available for immediate delivery may be considered.
- Delays on delivery of specialty items or manufactured products. The Chief Engineer may approve granting of additional contract time provided adequate documentation is submitted at the time the delays are occurring and their affect on the progress of controlling item(s) of work.
- Specified waiting or curing period. Waiting periods, such as specified curing of concrete will not be charged if it affects the controlling item.
- Delays in utility relocations that significantly affect the controlling item or items of work. These situations should be properly documented and may be considered just cause for not charging contract time. (Please note - Unless the utility is significantly affecting progress of work, time charges will not be suspended.)

CALENDAR DAY PROJECTS

Contract time will be counted in accordance with the standard specifications where every day on the calendar is a contract day including Saturdays, Sundays, holidays and non-work days. When conditions beyond the control of the Contractor are encountered, the Contractor should make a written request for extension of contract time to the Project Engineer and this matter will be resolved at the time the condition exists. Only the Chief Engineer can extend time on a calendar day project. However, no extension will be granted for the required distribution of adverse weather days as stipulated in the

special conditions. It is a good idea to provide the same documentation of weather and working condition on calendar day projects as for working day projects to be used in the event of future claims.

As a general rule, for short term delays, Section 109.04 addresses pay for home office overhead/project costs. For long term delays, multiple issues, etc. the department will consider additional compensation.

3.3.3.4 Reporting of Contract Time

At the end of each estimate period, the Project Engineer will prepare a Form E-14, "Weather and Working Day Report." On working day projects the E-14 will be faxed to the Contractor for his signature. He will be advised that he has fourteen days in which to either sign and return the original copy, or file a written protest setting forth his objections. He will also be advised that if no protest is filed during this period, or if he fails to respond, time charges shall stand as submitted.

When the Contractor returns the signed Form E-14 without protest, or fails to respond, the Project Engineer is to fill in the entry for Days Disputed with zero. The report is then submitted to the Construction Estimates Section. If the Contractor timely protests the report, the following procedures apply:

- If the dispute has not been resolved within the 30-day time limit described hereinafter, the Project Engineer is to type the words "Disputed Day" next to each of the actual days in dispute, in the column of the E-l4 headed "Cause of Losing Day", and add the number of days in dispute in the entry for days disputed and submit the report to the Construction Estimates Section, with a copy of the Contractor's letter disputing the time charges attached.
- If the contract time dispute is resolved at the project or District level within twenty days after the partial estimate due date, a summary of the discussions and the results will be documented in the project diary and recorded on the E-14, in the remarks section or by attached letter. This final Form E-14, showing zero disputed days, is then submitted to the Construction Estimates Engineer along with the Contractor's letter disputing the originally charged contract time.
- If the contract time dispute cannot be resolved at the project or District level within twenty days after the partial estimate

due date, the District Administrator shall submit the appropriate information to the DOTD Construction Engineering Administrator. A representative of the Headquarters' Construction Section will then hold a meeting of all concerned parties and recommendations shall be made to the Chief Engineer. The Chief Engineer will make the final determination and notify all concerned parties.

- A final E-14 for the period will then be submitted with the contract time charges revised and the total number of days charged corrected, if necessary, to reflect the Chief Engineer's decision. The current total number of days charged as shown in the project diary must also be revised to reflect this decision and cross-referenced to the E-14.
- All contract time disputes must be resolved within thirty days following the date the E-14 was furnished the Contractor or the contract time will stand as recorded at the end of the thirty day period. However, if conditions beyond the control of the Contractor or the Department prevent the final disposition of disputed days within the allotted time, the time charges in question will be considered as "charged time" until the dispute is resolved.
- If additional work is added with an increase in time on a calendar day project, the time charges for this additional work will be like a working day project. The risk for working conditions is the contractors' when he bids, but the weather delays switch to DOTD for the added work and time provided it is the controlling item.

3.3.3.5 Placing Contractor In Default Insofar As Contract Time

Five working days (or calendar days if a calendar day project) prior to the date when contract time will elapse, the Project Engineer must send an email to Construction Estimates Engineer with a copy to the District Construction Engineer before noon advising him that the Contractor will have used all contract time within the next five working (calendar) days; also, the percent time elapsed and the percent complete for the project. The five-day notice should include all days included by changes orders or the best estimate of added change order days. The Construction Estimates Engineer shall immediately notify the Contractor. The Construction Estimates Section will log the date and time of receipt of information.

On the last contract day, the Project Engineer must email the Construction Estimates Engineer before noon and advise him that the Contractor has used all contract time and give him the estimated percent complete. He shall then immediately call and advise his District Construction Engineer. The District Construction Engineer shall immediately confirm this information to the Construction Estimates Engineer by email, who shall immediately advise the Contractor.

3.3.3.6 Contractor Disqualification Resulting From Contract Default

Once the Contractor has been advised of contract default due to the elapse of contract time, the Construction Estimates Engineer will email and fax a request to the Project Engineer for project information. The Project Engineer must assemble the following project-related information and/or documents:

- Any project issues that may have contributed to contract default by the Contractor;
- Any claims verbally communicated and/or submitted by Contractor;
- Any outstanding change orders for work that has been completed and/or remains to be completed;
- Any disputed time charges;
- Any scheduled work on key contract items, such as high cost items that could potentially move the Contractor back within the time limits (specify items, including start time, time required to meet schedule limits, and estimated completion date); and
- Any delays caused by processing Change Orders.

The Project Engineer will send the project-related information to the Construction Estimates Engineer for review. The Construction Estimates Engineer will then forward all information and a recommendation to the Chief, Construction Division. The Chief, Construction Division, recommends to the Chief Engineer who then writes the disqualification letter to the Contractor.

3.4 Construction Administration and Inspection Performed By Others (non-DOTD)

This applies to projects administered by DOTD where construction is supervised by consultants, municipalities, parishes, or other governing bodies. There is generally an

agreement with DOTD for the outsourced construction engineering and inspection (CE&I).

DOTD will assign a project coordinator who will manage the work performed by the outsourced CE&I. Prior to beginning construction, the Project Coordinator is to receive documentation from the Owner that all inspectors possess the appropriate current DOTD certification for performing their respective duties. Generally, the same duties and responsibilities as contained in this entire manual apply to the non-DOTD CE&I personnel. The DOTD project coordinator shall furnish upon request copies and examples of Project Diary, Estimate Book, Form 2059, etc. to illustrate acceptable documentation.

The Department of Transportation & Development is to do Laboratory testing of materials on these projects only if stated in the agreement between the Owner and DOTD. The Owner's engineer will perform all field-testing.

The DOTD, through the project coordinator or his representative, shall make periodic inspections of the work, field records, and sampling and testing. Such inspections shall be made in such a manner to avoid putting the Department in a position of relieving the Owner and the Project Engineer of their responsibility for the project. The project coordinator shall also review all pay estimates. Estimates shall be prepared by the Owner's Project Engineer, brought to a DOTD office (usually the project coordinator's office), and entered into ESTI either by the project coordinator or his staff, as resources permit. When entered by DOTD personnel, the Project Engineer or his representative will be present and remain at the terminal while the estimate is being entered into ESTI.

The DOTD representative will advise the Project Engineer or inspector assigned to the project of any deficiencies noted and of acceptable methods of keeping written records of project activities.

Neither the coordinator nor his representative will issue instructions to Contractor's superintendent, foreman, or any of his personnel, nor will he direct work in any manner other than advising Owner's project personnel that work does not conform to specifications and/or plans.

Upon detecting non-conforming work, the DOTD representative will immediately advise the Owner, with a copy to the Owner's Engineer, that work performed does not conform to specifications and will be nonparticipating until corrected.

Change orders, when required, will be prepared by the Project Engineer and brought to the project coordinator's office for review and entering onto the computer. The project coordinator will initial the change order and submit to the District in the same manner as other change orders.

Upon notification that the project is complete and ready for final inspection, the DOTD project coordinator shall advise the District Office, and both the District Construction Engineer and coordinator should make arrangements to attend the final inspection, if practical. If it is agreed that the project has been substantially completed in accordance with contract requirements, the District Construction Engineer shall notify DOTD Construction Section in the normal manner that final acceptance is recommended.

Final estimates will be assembled by the Project Engineer and carried to the DOTD Construction Audit Section along with the final submittal of Form 2059 within 30 days after final acceptance. If requested by the Owner or Project Engineer, the coordinator will answer questions and may be allowed to give limited assistance in the preparation and checking of the estimate, if approved by the District Administrator. Such assistance shall not relieve the Project Engineer of the responsibility of preparing the estimate, and this shall be made clear to the Owner. In no case shall the coordinator prepare the final estimate or any substantial part of the estimate entirely with DOTD forces.

If the project is not on the Department's MATT System, the Project Engineer will prepare a final Form 2059 in the same format or style as that of the Department.

3.5 Final Inspection and Acceptance

The specifications allow both partial and final project acceptances and both require final inspections. For partial acceptance, a final inspection is made on part of the project, and this must be boldly displayed on both the completed Form 03-40-4217 "Project Certification" (Form 4217) and the final inspection letter. Special attention is required on the following items:

Final inspection shall not be made until the Project Engineer has completed Form 4217. The Project Certification form must be signed by the Project Engineer and District Administrator or authorized representative and submitted to the DOTD Construction Engineering Administrator, with a copy to the District Maintenance Engineer. Information necessary for the final acceptance letter must be included on the project certification:

- 1. Contractor's surety
- 2. Contract date
- 3. Inspection party
- 4. Agency or party designated to maintain the road or facility
- 5. Where the contract was awarded (Headquarters, District, or other)

Final inspection shall not be made until all traffic control devices, as well as safety appurtenances such as signs, pavement markers, pavement markings, guardrail, etc.

are in place within the limits of the project, regardless of whether the work is to be done by the Contractor, the Department, or other.

The Contractor shall be verbally advised that the project is being accepted and will be instructed to remove all construction signs and barricades.

Partial acceptance may be done only with an approved change order. A final inspection must be made on the portion of the project to be accepted and a message promptly sent to the DOTD Construction Engineering Administrator.

If the project belongs to another governing body such as police jury or city, a representative of that governing body must be present at the time of the inspection

PART IV: DAILY WORK REPORT

Complete field records of the Contractors' work are necessary for determination of pay quantities, to document that the work was performed, and to show "as built" records for future reference. Field records consist of the project diary, field book records, and any other information recorded in the field to document the work performed.

Field records must be accurate, neat, and clear enough so that they can be easily read and understood and so that everyone who reviews the records will interpret the information the same.

4.1 Project Diary

The project diary is an extremely important record of the project in conjunction with other field records, it is especially important in the resolution of contract disputes and in litigation matters. Inspectors should be made aware of the importance of the document and the details needed. The Project Engineer should review the document thoroughly before approving to ensure completeness of this important document. Current procedures are:

- Form DOTD 03-40-3093, Project Diary, shall be used as the project diary. Additional space is provided on the back of the form. If additional space is needed, and additional Form 3093 may be used, with and "A" added to the report number.
- The project diary must be filled out each day throughout the life of the contract.
- The reports shall be filed daily, and chronologically, with the latest date on top.
- The original copies of the reports are to be stored in the Project Engineer's office until turned in with the final estimate.

The diary must be completely filled out by DOTD personnel for each day that there is activity on the project, whether the activity is by the Contractor or others. Most entries are self explanatory on the form, but some clarification to selected items may be needed as follows:

- Contractor's Force and Equipment Enter Contractor work force by payroll classification. Indicate in parenthesis after each entry the total number available on the job. Enter major types of equipment the Contractor uses that day. Indicate in parenthesis the total number available on the job.
- Location of Work Station to Station Enter both station numbers that the work location falls between. Use a different column if the location changes, being sure to include the new station numbers. Under the "Station to Station" columns are squares that are to be filled in with the actual number of personnel or pieces of equipment that the Contractor used that day at that location. If the same number of personnel and equipment are used at the next location (new station numbers) do not repeat the original information entered, just draw a line across the next square to indicate the same number of personnel and pieces of equipment were used. The total number of personnel and available equipment on the job can be calculated by adding the numbers in parenthesis behind each entry in the "Contractor's Force and Equipment" section.
- Approximate Work Accomplished Enter a brief description of the work accomplished, approximate quantity of work completed, and comments on adequacy of the Contractor's work force and equipment. Show when specific work items are started and when they are completed.
- Comments on Time Charges Fill in only if Contractor is not charged a day. A complete explanation for not charging a contract day must be given.
- Controlling Work Item Enter controlling work item based on Contractor's approved progress schedule. The progress schedule shall be revised if it is not representative of actual work in progress.
- Weather Enter description of weather conditions during the day. These
 conditions shall be clear, partly cloudy, cloudy, rain, sleet, snow, humid
 (painting), and fog (give time of rain, sleet or snow). Show water elevations
 on bridge projects.

In addition to the above, the Project Engineer and/or inspector should add any supplemental information on the backside of the form. If some or all of the supplemental information to be included is on a separate attached sheet, the diary should refer to the attachment. This additional information covers any extraordinary events that occurred on that date. This will include any relevant discussions and instructions, comments on utility conflicts, delays, or any other information deemed necessary to record. All such information may be valuable in the event of future disputes or litigation. Additionally, the following information must be included on each diary:

- Recording of accidents giving the time of day, weather conditions, road conditions, warning signs, visibility, names of witnesses, etc.
- Signs and barricades, a brief statement made each day. If there are no deficiencies, insert the statement "Signs and Barricades are in Place."
- Note any situations that have occurred which the Contractor might later construe as a change.
- Keep records of hours of use (or non-use) or equipment and labor when a controversy develops, or a delay occurs, or if it likely that the Contractor will later request additional compensation for the work or file a delay claim.

4.2 Field Books

At present, most work is recorded in field books. However, it is anticipated that electronic records will eventually be accepted and will reduce the number of field book records. This type of system will allow for field notes to be recorded directly or indirectly into the approved record keeping system, and the field books would be used only for items of information for which there is no template established.

Currently, the Department requires that construction field records be kept in numbered "Field Books" when practical. Complete records are required on all contract items and entries must be made in the book at the time the work is done. Entries are to be dated and initialed or signed by the inspector responsible for inspecting the work.

When field book records are used, the same book may be used for documentation of several items with each item in a separate part of the book, provided the book does not become cluttered.

Major items, especially those requiring considerable records, are normally kept in separate field books. Miscellaneous small items, especially like-items that will be inspected by the same inspector or unlike items that will be inspected during different phases of the work, are usually combined in a single book or books. Field books for other items are used as needed.

Some of the general rules for field books follow:

1. Each office shall keep a continuing log showing receipt and disposition of numbered field books.

When a book is first received, its number and type must be entered in the log and its source shown. Thereafter, when it is assigned to a project, disposed of in any way (lost, transferred to another office or engineer, sent in with a survey or final estimate, etc.), the date and disposition must be entered in the log.

Lost field books must be immediately reported, by letter, to General Files. The recovery of a lost book must also be reported.

- 2. All field books must be numbered by General Files and if possible, obtained from General Files. If a field book is obtained from any other source, and has not been numbered by General Files, the book must be sent to General Files for numbering.
- 3. Each field book used on construction or in surveying must be indexed and the state and federal project numbers inked on the outside cover
- 4. Erasures or obliterations in field books are not permitted. If an error is found, a line should be drawn through the incorrect data, the correction written above, and the correction initialed. Deletion of incorrect data can also be made by writing "Void" and circling or drawing a single line through the incorrect data, and initialing.
- 5. Sketches must be made of all irregular areas to be removed under pay items, or constructed as a pay item. Correct computations can be made by averaging the sides and ends of an irregular figure and multiplying the averages.
- 6. Measurements must be made before the item is removed or hidden by subsequent construction activities.
- 7. All measurements shall be in keeping with good engineering practices, so made that they can be used for computation of areas if applicable.
- 8. A typical field book entry will include the following:
 - The date the work was performed.
 - The location of the work, by station number if possible.
 - Quantity of work done or materials used.
 - The signature or initials of the responsible inspector.
- 9. Each item in the field book must have a final pay quantity (if the item is measured for payment) and should be used as a final reference in final estimate book.

For examples of specific field book records, see Appendix A.

PART V: CONTRACTOR PAYMENTS

5.1 Partial Estimates (General)

The Standard Specifications provide that monthly progress payments (partial estimates) be made proportionate to the value of the work performed through the ending date of the current estimate period. The current estimate period is the month that has elapsed since the last partial estimate, except for the first partial estimate. The date of the first partial estimate is set as specified in EDSM III.4.1.3 "Policy for Determining Due Dates on Partial Estimates".

The quantities of work paid for should come from the daily field records in most cases and payment should be documented in the same records. Only work that is deemed acceptable will be paid for on partial estimates.

Partial estimates are numbered in sequence, the first always being number one (1). Partial estimates are required even when there are no earnings for a current estimate period (current earnings are shown as zero). The letter of transmittal for the estimate must confirm that there are no current earnings.

If a job is completed in less than one estimate period, a partial estimate can be submitted on completion of the job.

The estimates are computer transmitted directly to the Construction Audit Section and must be received by them within five days after the close of the estimate period.

Estimates use Form 03-42-0651 "Schedule of Work Items" (the 651) on all except railroad force account projects. On those projects, use Form 03-42-0650 "Estimate Summary Sheet".

On Federal Aid projects, a further breakdown is necessary to show participating and non-participating items.

The specifications allow progress payments on certain specific lump sum items when total contract earnings reach specified percentages of the total contract amount. When computing percent complete for this purpose (to determine if the specifications allow an additional payment), include previous payments on all these lump sum items and payments for stockpiled material, but do not include potential payments on any of these lump sum items.

Partial estimates are generally not to be delayed while waiting for approval of change orders.

Subsection 108.08 "Failure to complete on time" of the standard specifications requires the amount of stipulated damages to be deducted from payments for work under the contract or any other contract the Contractor has with the department. The

intent of this specification is that deductions for stipulated damages are to be made monthly on Partial Estimates as the damages occur. The project engineer must contact the construction audit section in order to establish an item to make the deduction on the partial estimate.

The following procedures will be followed in dealing with the submittal of contractors' payrolls and the transmittal of partial estimates:

Failure of the prime contractor to submit his required payrolls will result in the non-payment of the partial estimate by the project engineer until such time that the prime contractor is in compliance. The project engineer will immediately transmit the partial estimate once the prime is in compliance.

Failure of a subcontractor to submit the required payrolls will result in the partial estimate being submitted and any monies earned by the non-complying subcontractor being withheld from the partial estimate by the project engineer. After the subcontractor is in compliance, monies earned by the subcontractor will be paid on the next estimate.

It is the responsibility of the project engineer to email the estimate section and the contractor to inform them of any non-compliance occurrences.

5.2 Material Haul Measurement

The method of measurement for some materials and work require that a material be measured by weight or volume at the point of delivery. This requires the use of "haul tickets". Haul tickets are typically used as the method of measurement for some materials, however, with concurrence from the Contractor and the DOTD Chief, Construction Division, other methods may be used. The only other approved method at this time is the "punch card" method in which a card prepared for a specific truck is punched or marked upon each delivery

HAUL TICKETS

Normally, the procedure is an exchange of tickets: the hauler of the material will give the inspector the haul ticket that he received when the vehicle was loaded or weighed; the inspector will issue the operator a DOTD haul ticket. There are special haul tickets with specific rules and procedures for some materials. For example, special haul tickets are used to document the delivery of asphaltic concrete. With those few exceptions, the general rules for haul tickets are as follows:

- 1. Form 03-40-0574, "Haul Ticket Book", is generally used.
- 2. The haul ticket must be written and exchanged when the material is placed on the road or otherwise incorporated into the work, or immediately thereafter.
- 3. Haul tickets may not be issued before the material is placed, nor may several Contractor haul tickets be collected before matching tickets are issued.
- 4. The haul ticket must be filled out in duplicate, signed by an inspector who witnessed the placement of the material, and the original copy of the ticket

- issued to the operator of the vehicle.
- 5. The haul ticket must be completely filled out. (Payment will not be allowed if the ticket is not properly completed and signed.)
- 6. The operator of the vehicle must give the inspector a haul ticket that shows the project number, date, cubic yards, pounds or tons loaded on the vehicle, and the DOTD certified vehicle number.
- 7. The Contractor's haul ticket number must be written on the DOTD haul ticket and the corresponding DOTD ticket number on the Contractor's ticket for cross-referencing in case tickets are misplaced or inserted in the wrong ticket book.
- 8. The inspector must keep the duplicate of the issued haul ticket and the Contractor's matching ticket. The matching tickets are not to be attached to the duplicates; they should be grouped together and fastened to the back cover of the haul ticket book.
- 9. Haul ticket books are to be left intact; no pages (other than the originals issued the Contractor) may be removed.
- 10. Each pay item or material requires a separate haul ticket book; the same book may not be used for multiple items.
- 11. When the material is being paid for by the cubic yard (vehicular measurement) the hauling vehicle and its load must comply in all respects with EDSM III.1.1.12 "Enforcement of Legal Load Requirements on Construction and Maintenance Construction Projects" and EDSM III.5.1.3 "Material Measurement Based on Truck Bed Measurements".
- 12. When the material is being paid for by weight, the hauling vehicle and its load must comply in all respects with EDSM III.1.1.12 "Enforcement of Legal Load Requirements on Construction and Maintenance Construction Projects" and it must be verified that the scales that weighed the truck are certified.

PUNCH CARDS

The Department allows the use of "punch cards" anytime repetitious volumetric hauling is being performed. One punch card replaces 25 individual haul tickets and has the potential to save considerable time and effort in the field. The procedures for using punch cards are as follows:

- 1. A punch card is completed for each vehicle on a daily basis.
- 2. A number is marked out with an "X" and initialed by the inspector for each load starting with number 1.
- 3. Uniform loads are hauled and material is paid by cubic yards or by meters.
- 4. A standard haul ticket (Form 03-40-0574) is completed for each punch card.
- 5. Haul vehicles and loads comply with EDSM III.1.1.12

Punch cards and haul ticket books are retained in the Project Engineer's office for five years after Project Acceptance.

Some vehicles, most notably those that operate only within the limits of the project (water trucks, for example), have not been certified for volume. It is permissible that these trucks are measured on the jobsite.

The following is a list of contract items requiring haul tickets and/or punch cards:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
*203-08	Borrow, vehicular measurement
*204-01	Temporary sandbagging, cubic yard
*204-02	Temporary Hay or Straw Bales, each
304-01	Lime, ton
401-02	Aggregate surface course, Adj. Veh. Measurement
402-01	Traffic Maintenance Aggregate, Adj. Veh.
	Measurement, cubic yard
403-01	Aggregate Roadway Surfacing, cubic yard
501-01	Asphaltic concrete, ton
502-01	Superpave Asphaltic Concrete. Ton
508-01	Asphalt Concrete (SMA) Wearing Course, ton
602-12	Undersealing Pavement, Ton
602-13	Slab Jacking Pavement, ton
710-01	Flowable Fill, cubic yard
711-02	Riprap, cubic yard
711-03	Riprap, ton
715-01	Topsoil, cubic yard
*717-01	Seeding, pound
*718-01	Fertilizer, pound
*718-02	Agricultural lime, ton
*721-01	Asphalt mulch, gallon
723-02	Granular material (vehicular measurement)
724-03	Pavement joint repair, ton
738-01	Mulch Sodding, cubic yard

^{*}Haul tickets are to be issued and the Contractor's matching haul tickets, collected daily (per batch on Item 204-04 Temporary Sandbagging), in accordance with standard procedures except:

- A single haul ticket may be issued to cover several Contractor haul tickets.
- A single haul ticket book may be used for more than one item.
- The ticket books are to be stored by the Project Engineer for a minimum of five years after payment of the final estimate and they must be destroyed by

the Project Engineer after receipt of an approval from the Chief, Construction Division.

5.3 Partially Completed Items of Work

Partial payment may be made on incomplete contract items discussed below. In general, the percent complete of a lump sum item is calculated using fair estimating practices for the specific item. These estimating practices are subject to limitations specified on partial payments for the item, if any. The method of computation used to calculate the percent complete of a lump sum item must be recorded and maintained in a field book.

SECTION 200. Excavation and embankment items: allow fair estimate based on limited field measurements. Random elevations or cross-sections should be taken and quantities roughly computed. As a check, the inspector should also estimate and record the amount hauled or excavated daily. Estimates based solely on the Contractor's load counts or estimates are not acceptable. In addition, the partial payment estimates for excavation and embankment should be reduced by 5%. The 5% will be held back for dressing of the excavation and embankment areas.

Payment for clearing and grubbing should be limited to 70% until all debris has been disposed of and 90% until the area is dressed.

SECTION 300. <u>Soil cement or cement treated base courses</u>: allow 50% when the material has been placed on the roadway and conforms to specifications, but has not been stabilized.

<u>Sand-clay-gravel</u>, shell, sand-shell and stone base courses: allow 90% when the material has been placed on the roadway and conforms to specifications, but has not been compacted.

<u>In-place cement stabilized base course</u>: allow 50% when roadbed preparation and pulverization is complete and the material is ready for stabilization, but has not been stabilized. This partial payment is allowed only if the existing base to be pulverized is Soil cement or all of an existing asphaltic concrete surface course is incorporated into the new base course.

SECTION 400. <u>Aggregate surface courses</u>: allow 90% when the material has been placed on the roadway and conforms to specifications, but has not been compacted.

SECTION 600. <u>Portland cement concrete paving</u>: allow 100% when the work is complete except for placement of joint material, curing, and form removal

SECTION 700. Field laboratory: allow 85% when the building is in place and usable.

Manholes, inlets, catch basins, junction boxes and similar: allow 25% when bottom is complete, 50% for bottom and walls, 75% for top, and 100% when complete(includes all backfilling) except for asphaltic varnishing or metal painting.

<u>Sidewalks</u>, <u>driveways</u>, <u>curbs</u>, <u>curbs</u> and <u>gutters</u> and <u>similar</u>: allow 100% when all work is finished except for curing and form removal.

Steel railing and similar: allow 90% when in place but has not been painted.

<u>Conduit with Conductors</u>: allow 50% when conduit (including backfill) complete, 100% when conduit pulled with conductors.

<u>Temporary detour roads and bridges</u>: allow a maximum of 90% when in place and ready for traffic. Less should be allowed if high maintenance costs are expected.

Mobilization payment schedule: The intent of the specifications is to pay 25% on the first partial estimate. This payment is meant to pay for preparatory work (the cost of preparing a bid), the cost of bonds, and any required insurance and any other preconstruction expenses.

SECTION 800. <u>Cast-in-place Box Culverts</u>: 25% bottom pour, 50% bottom and walls, 75% when top poured, 100% when backfilled

Pre-cast Box Culverts: 75% in place, 100% when backfilled.

<u>Reinforcing Steel</u>: 90%* when in place, substantially ready for concrete pour, 100% after the pour.

* P.E. may reduce further, depending on required cleaning or likelihood of damage.

SECTION 807. Cleaning and painting structural steel, if not otherwise specified in the contract: for cleaning and first prime coat, allow 80% of lump sum amount based on "length primed / total length" or "pounds primed / total pounds"; allow 10% for second prime coat and 10% for top coat. If a two-coat system, allow 80% and 20%. If a four-coat system, allow 70%, 10%, 10% and 10%.

5.4 Number of Decimals

The required number of decimals on estimates, for pay purposes, should mirror those in the schedule of bid items in the contract. In calculating quantities, subtotals should generally contain one more significant figure (decimal). The rounding of numbers to the specified number of decimals shall be in accordance with the following rounding rules:

TO ROUND OFF DECIMALS.

- First: Find the place of value you want (the "rounding digit") and look at the digit just to the right of it;
- Second: If that digit is less than 5, do not change the rounding digit but drop all digits to the right of it; or
- Third: If that digit is greater than or equal to 5, add one to the rounding digit and drop all digits to the right of it.

TO ROUND OFF WHOLE NUMBERS.

- First: Find the place of value you want (the "rounding digit") and look to the digit just to the right of it;
- Second: If that digit is less than 5, do not change the "rounding digit" but change all digits to the right of the "rounding digit" to zero; or
- Third: If that digit is greater than or equal to 5, add one to the rounding digit and change all digits to the right of the rounding digit to zero.

The required number of decimals on estimates, for pay purposes, are as follows:

Method of Measurement

Number of Decimals

cubic yard, except Section 800 items	1
cubic yard, Section 800 pay items	
cwt	
double gate	
each, partial payments allowed	
each, partial payments not allowed	
gallon, except M gal	
hour, except trainee hour	
hour, trainee hour	
linear foot	
lump sum, partial payments allowed	
lump sum, partial payments not allowed	
M gallons	
MFBM	
mile	
pound	
span	
square foot	1
square yard	1
station	
structure foot	0
ton	1
unit, partial payments allowed	2

5.5 Forms to Accompany Partial Estimate (When using ESTI)

The following must be included with all partial estimates, except estimates on railroad force account projects:

- Schedule of Work Items, Form 03-42-0651.
- Estimate Summary Sheet, Form 03-42-0650.
- E14, Weather and Working Day Report, Form 03-42-0014.
- If Federal Aid project, Statement of Compliance, Form 03-26-2054, and copies of payrolls.²
- Documentation required, by specifications, to accompany requests for payment on stockpiled materials.
- Extra Work by Force Account, Form 03-40-0664, with specification required documentation.
- Freight Adjustment Report, Form 03-40-0695, with specification required documentation.

5.6 Statement of Compliance

On Federal Aid projects the Contractor (and active subcontractors) must submit, monthly, copies of payrolls and Form 03-26-2054, "Statement of Compliance" – see applicable provisions of the contract and the Department's <u>Labor Compliance</u> Manual.

The payrolls must be for each payroll period that ends within eleven days before the close of the current estimate period. After checking the payroll for possible violations, transmit one copy of each Statement of Compliance (signed and dated by Project Engineer) and associated payroll with the partial estimate.

For the prime Contractor the payrolls and Statement of Compliance are required from the date of the work order to project acceptance and must be submitted for each payroll period whether or not the Contractor worked during that period.

Payrolls and Certificates of Compliances are required from active subcontractors only. The Project Engineer will be the judge of whether the subcontractor is active or not.

¹ For details, see EDSM III.1.1.19 "Charging and Reporting Contract Time, Placing Contractors in Default and Disqualifying Contractors.

² See discussion, this manual.

5.7 Stockpiled Material

Advance payments may be made for stockpiled material. Advance payments shall be made only for durable (non-perishable) materials, and the materials must represent a significant portion of the project cost and anticipated to be stored for periods in excess of 90 calendar days. Prior to recommending advance payments for natural material, such as aggregate, the Project Engineer shall visually verify that the stated quantity is reasonably correct and must receive proof, such as test reports or other acceptable documentation, that the material meets specification requirements.

If this request is for stockpiled precast/prestressed members inspected by the structural fabrication unit of the construction section, it must be accompanied by a letter from the Structural Fabrication Engineer stating that the requested material has been inventoried and the material meets the requirements of the specifications.

A request for payment must be made in writing from the Contractor. The following documents must accompany the partial estimate:

- The written request.
- Copy of invoices from the supplier or manufacturer.
- Copy of lease or agreement granting DOTD right of entry.
- If stored outside of Louisiana, approval from the Chief Engineer.

After advance payment, the portion of the stockpiled material that was incorporated into the work during the current estimate period must be deducted in the current estimate. Deductions are shown on the 651 as "minus" quantities and amounts. Full recovery must have been made when the last of the material has been incorporated into the work.

The Department will allow payment of stockpiled aggregates at hot mix plants and/or concrete plants under the following guidelines: 1) Dedicated stockpiles, for state use only, shall be required. Stockpiles dedicated to more than one state project will be acceptable. 2) The dedicated stockpiles may be used on one or more state projects provided the contractor and project engineer can develop a system to account for materials as used. 3) The contractor shall certify in writing stating what state projects the dedicated stockpiles apply to, and that no other projects (state, private or other) shall receive materials from this dedicated stockpile. 4) Under no circumstance shall the Department allow stockpile payment for a working stockpile.

5.8 <u>Material Memorandums</u>

Material memorandums (Form 03-42-0653) are no longer required.

5.9 Releases

In general, if the performance of contract work requires work beyond the project's right-of-way, the Contractor must furnish the Project Engineer a release signed by the owner or owners of the property before payment can be made on the contract item. (Releases are not required for fences if the fence is placed in its normal location: immediately outside the right-of-way.)

Section 202 items will normally require a disposal release, as will disposal items added by change order. Salvaged items require a letter of receipt from the receiving party. Unsalvaged material disposed of within the right-of-way or on other public property or in a commercial dump or landfill will be noted on letter by Project Engineer.

The specifications specifically require releases for work done on railroad property and for each "relocated structure", but not for "demolished" structures, except when the demolished structure was scheduled to be moved. However, even when an "off the right-of-way" structure is demolished as a contract item, the work was on private property and a release is required.

If the Contractor utilizes private property for storage of equipment or materials (other than topsoil), damages private property adjacent to the right-of-way, renders unsightly private property adjacent to the right-of-way, obtains borrow (or other natural materials) from other than a commercial pit, the site must be left in a condition acceptable to the Project Engineer. If the condition of the site is questionable, the Project Engineer will require that the Contractor furnish a release, signed by the owner or owners of the property. The Project Engineer will sign a copy of this release and his signature will be noted as accepting receipt only.

If the Contractor is unable to obtain a release from the railroad or property owner, and the Project Engineer is satisfied that the Contractor has fulfilled his responsibilities, the Contractor's affidavit may be accepted in lieu of a release. Form 03-40-0672 "Contractor's Affidavit, Removal and/or Relocation of Buildings", is used in lieu of a "Certificate of Release" and Form 03-42-0001 "Contractor's Affidavit" is used in lieu of railroad releases. The Project Engineer will sign a copy of this affidavit and his signature will be noted as accepting receipt only.

If the Department has no objections the Contractor and the property owner may make an agreement to leave in place (if off the right-of-way), to demolish, or to alter (cut off porches, overhangs, etc.) any removal and relocation contract item. (Note: If there is good reason for moving the item, such as it is an "eyesore" or is blocking natural drainage, it must be moved or demolished.) The Contractor must record the agreement on Form 03-40-0673, Demolition, Alteration, etc. of Buildings and Miscellaneous Structures", and the agreement must be fully executed before the work can proceed. Before payment can be allowed, a change order that revises the description of the work from "remove and relocate" to "leave in place"

(or whatever), with equitable price adjustment, must have been approved and a release received.

PART VI: CHANGE ORDERS

6.1 Introduction

In spite of best efforts to prepare complete and error-free plans and specifications and to construct projects in accordance with plans and specifications, quantities are only best-estimates, field conditions change, and errors are made. Revisions to the plans and specifications require "change orders". Change orders, after being signed by the Contractor and the approving authority of DOTD, become a legally binding document just as the original contract. A change order is not required for an item overrun/under run of less than 5%.

6.2 Procedures

Form 03-42-0655, "Change Order and/or Special Agreement", commonly called "Form 655" or "change order form", is used to record and authorize changes. Examples of revisions that require change orders, and the procedure to be followed, are given in EDSM III.1.1.1 "Procedure for Changing Contract Plans and Specifications for Construction Projects". Except as delegated in EDSM III.1.1.1, the authority to approve revisions is retained by the Chief Engineer.

Change orders are to be numbered consecutively. When a change order is returned without approval, the change order may be revised and resubmitted, voided, or, in some cases, resubmitted without revisions. A resubmitted change order should indicate this by placing in parenthesis, behind the change order number, (revised) or (resubmitted). Change orders are entered into ESTI by the Project Engineer or Project Coordinator and, in the case of multiple project contracts; the change order number should appear on each project number. If voided, the Project Engineer or District Construction Engineer must notify the Construction Audit Section, in writing or by telephone, that the change order is void. The number that was assigned to the change order may not be used again.

On the face of the change order form, the "Original" quantity is always the current contract quantity, including approved and pending change orders (pending change orders with a change order number lower than this change order number). (Note: Occasionally, the Construction Audit Section will receive change orders out of numerical sequence. If so, the "Original" quantity will be corrected accordingly on both change orders.)

Change order work should not be started until approval has been obtained. If warranted by the conditions, verbal approval may be sought. If given, the fact is to be noted in the change order. Included in the change order shall be the name of the

person giving the approval and the date of approval. If the change order has been discussed with the Chief Engineer or the Construction Section, notation of the discussion, including date, shall be made in the change order. The Federal Highway Administration has oversight on NHS and IM federally funded projects only. Change orders for these federally funded projects should be discussed in the field with the Area Engineer of the Federal Highway Administration before they are submitted. Notation of the discussion, including the name of the person, should be made in the change order.

Agencies other than the Department and the Federal Highway Administration may have financial interest in the project, or the contract may be in the name of an agency other than the Department, or the work may be for another agency though the contract is in the name of the Department. Under most of these conditions the change order will require a resolution or approving signature of the concerned agency, as described in various EDSM's and memoranda.

The date assigned to the change order should be the date the Project Engineer signs the change order, which should be prior to sending to the Contractor for his signature. The date should be by numbers, instead of wording, and should appear as dates show up in ESTI (e.g. 03/15/04).

On multiple project contracts, only the smallest project number (State and FAP) should be entered on Form 655, followed by the word "lead" in parenthesis; e.g. 853-12-06 (lead

If necessary, abbreviations are acceptable. However, they need to be good abbreviations that the reader will understand.

It will be the responsibility of the Project Engineer to ensure that the change order category is determined correctly and the proper number circled accordingly. The worksheet "Change Order Category Worksheet" has been prepared to assist in this determination and is available, through Construction Division Intranet, to all Project Engineers. The completed worksheet must be attached to the change order. It will also be the responsibility of the project engineer to enter the cause for the change order in the field provided for such. A list that provides the codes and their explanations can be found on the statewide construction page.

Non-participating items and quantities must be clearly identified in the change order by tabulation and if necessary for clarity, by identifying an item as "N.P." or "non-participating". If an item is to be reimbursed by others, add a note.

When one revision will increase or decrease the quantity of any other contract item – no matter how slight – that item must also be included in the change order.

When the change order results in no additional cost to DOTD, the change order should state this.

6.3 Engineering Reason, Explanation and Justification

The change order must give an explanation and reason for the change. The reason should be an engineering reason. The explanation must be meaningful, specific and understandable – without need for verbal explanation from District or Project Engineer. A reason such as "requested by the Contractor" or "requested by the city" is not a sufficient explanation.

The detail required in the description and reason should vary proportionally with the details normally included in the plans. For instance, traffic maintenance aggregate is normally shown only in the summary of estimated quantities, with no other detail of quantities, and therefore to increase the quantity, the explanation of "plan quantity was not sufficient" would be adequate. On the other hand, to increase the number of catch basins on an urban project, the locations of the catch basins and the reason for adding each structure should be included. The location of the change must be given, by station or sheet number in this case.

As an example, the explanation and reason explaining an overrun in concrete drives should be something similar to:

"12 ft. wide drives were added at Sta. 100+00 Rt., 111+00 Lt., and 120+00 Rt. to accommodate residences that were constructed after the plans were prepared". Notice that the locations of the drives are as specific as the plans would normally be. An unacceptable explanation would be, "several drives were added to the project."

Additional information as necessary to make the change order complete and understandable should be listed in the change order and attached. Typically, the additional information will include letters, memoranda, sketches, part or full-page copies of one or more plan sheets; special provisions, failing test reports, and cost breakdowns for new unit prices.

For purposes of process improvement, the form "CHANGE ORDER REASON(S) CODE CHART" has been prepared and is available, through Construction Division Intranet, to all Project Engineers. The completed worksheet must be attached to the change order.

6.4 New Items and Unit Prices

If a new item of work is added and it corresponds exactly with a standard contract item as listed in the Standard Specifications, or in the Schedule of Bid Items of the Highway Specification Workbook (also in CICSPROD), the standard contract item number should be used and no specifications for the work need be attached.

If the new item does not exactly correspond to a standard construction item, it must be assigned an S-number and specifications for the work attached. When the item is very similar to a standard contract item, its specifications might consist of a statement similar to the following:

"This work shall be in accordance with Section (or Subsection) xxx of the Standard Specifications except as follows:"

When assigning the S-number, continue the sequence of S-numbers of the contract. If the contract has no S-number items, start with S-001 for roadway items and S-101 for bridge items. The Department has assigned specific S-numbers for specific items of work (Refer to Highway Specifications Workbook on CICSPROD.)

If item quantities are increased or new items added by a change order, all costs are considered to be included in the established prices; for example overhead ,field office, etc.

The unit price for a new item can be verified as listed below with the preferred method listed first:

- 1. The unit price being established is less than or reasonable close to the quarterly and/or year to date weighted averages for that item.
- 2. The unit price being established is somewhat higher that the weighted average, but justification is provided for the increase because of mobilization cost, other added expenses, or the quantity is small and would affect production, or other valid reason.
- 3. The new unit price must be substantiated by comparison of bid prices or negotiated prices from other projects with similar quantities, type of work, and degree of difficulty and in the same geographical area".
- 4. Unit prices for specialty items or unit prices that cannot be verified by the methods listed above, will require a complete breakdown of the materials, equipment, and labor. Labor breakdown must show the number of workmen by classification, hourly wage, total number of hours, and total cost. Equipment rental rates from the Data Quest Blue Book, adjusted as set forth in EDSM III.1.1.27, Section 4B, may be used for all equipment and each piece of equipment must be shown with the number of hours it will be used, cost per hour, and total cost. Materials will be based on estimated cost and each type of material to be used will be listed. Additives for profit, insurance, etc. will be allowed in accordance with Section 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.
- 5. Equipment rates for force account work will be determined by using the procedures as set forth in EDSM III.1.1.27.
- 6. Subcontractor's prices must be verified in the same manner.

To change a contract unit price (except lump sum items), the plan quantity for the item with the original unit price should be decreased to zero, and a new item added. **Do not delete the item.** The new item number should be the same as the old one, except followed with an X, Y, Z, or a combination of these letters. For example, contract Item 702-01 might be reduced, and Item 702-01-X added.

To change a lump sum unit price, one of two methods may be used: (1) The original item should be decreased to zero and a new item added, or (2) simply add a new item for the extra work in the item. The method to be used will be the one that best fits the situation. The new item number should be the same as the old one, except followed by an X, Y, Z, or a combination of these letters.

The project specifications require creation of certain new pay penalty contract items. Examples are accepting work or material using reduced pay schedules and payment for piling cut-offs. These created item numbers should be the same as the parent number, followed by X, Y, or Z, as above. Some pay items such as Superpave and PWL do not lend themselves to using reduced pay schedules. These items should be paid at 100% of the pay item price and the Project Engineer must create lump sum rebate items that represent the sum of all the penalties charged against the item.

6.5 Revised Plan Sheets

Revised plan sheets must be incorporated into the contract by change order. The change order should briefly state the changes in the revised sheets, why the changes are being requested, who requested them, and their effect on quantities and costs. The change order could be stated similar to the following example:

"Incorporate revised plan sheets 118A and 119A, both dated 11/21/03, into the contract, replacing original plan sheets 118 and 119. These sheets revise the configuration of the 401 stirrup bars in the bottom of concrete caps and were requested by the Bridge Design Engineer (see attached memorandum dated November 5, 2001). These changes will not affect contract quantities or unit prices except as follows:

Increase Item 806-01, Deformed Reinforcing Steel, by 3,566 pounds or 6.1%."

6.6 Format and Language

Because most change orders are unique, standard format and language cannot always be used. However, the opening statement of the change order should usually tell what the change order is about, such as "The purpose of this change order is to adjust plan quantities to as-built quantities," or "This change order will extend Bridge No. 1 by one span to Station 132+40." For the purpose of this

manual, change orders can be separated into two types that usually must be treated differently: a change order for a specific change or extra work and a final change order which basically adjusts final quantities.

The preferable format is for the change order to list the items affected, immediately after the opening statement; for example:

"This change order is needed to provide drainage of water trapped behind the curb, Station 203+00 B 204+00 right of centerline."

Increase Item 701-15-E, R.C. Pipe (15") by 32 L.F., 15% Increase. Add Item 702-03-A, Catch Basin (CB-01), 1 each, 100% Increase. Increase Item 702-03-B, Catch Basin (CB-02), 2 each, 15% Increase.

Then a detailed explanation for the reason for the change should follow, if not completely covered in the opening statement.

Whenever possible, the items and changes to quantities listed in the tabulated area defined on the lower half of the page should correspond to the description of items presented in the space provided on the top half of the page under Engineers "Description and Explanation." Sometimes this is not possible when long explanations are required. In such cases, either limit the items listed in the table to only the items explained at the top or use brief explanations with attachments for further explanation.

If the intent of the change order is to accept work with failing tests results without a penalty, the wording should be "the department will accept as 100% pay." Do not use the wording "the department will waive the specifications".

6.7 Final Change Order

Most projects will require a final "record keeping" change order to cover minor overruns and underruns, and non-controversial specification created contract items such as items created to pay for piling cut-offs and items created to pay for non-conforming work or materials using reduced pay schedules. This final change order must contain no new items other than those provided for in the specification, such as pay adjustment items and piling cut-offs mentioned above.

The change order is to be submitted to the District Construction Engineer for his signature, and a copy sent to the Contractor.

After the District Construction Engineer signs the original, it should be transmitted to the Chief, Construction Division with a note attached stating that it is a final change order.

If the Contractor returns a signed copy of the change order, it should be transmitted to the Chief, Construction, Division

6.8 Contract Time

The change order may request additional contract time. The Contractor must provide a letter requesting and justifying any additional time.

When no additional contract time is required, the statement "No additional contract time is necessary" must be made on the Form 655, and "NONE" entered in the space for "Additional Contract Days Requested".

PART VII: FINAL ESTIMATES

7.1 Final Estimates (General)

From the date of recordation of the acceptance of a project, the law requires a lien period of forty-five days before the final estimate can be paid, and requires that it be paid within ninety days of acceptance. The Department allots thirty of these days to the Project Engineer for preparing and submitting the final estimate for projects under \$2 million and 60 days for projects over \$2 million.

Except for overlay and other miscellaneous projects, all final estimates are to be hand-delivered and checked into the Construction Audit Section by the Project Engineer or a person very familiar with the project and the final estimate. The final estimate on overlay projects may be mailed, however, if it is not complete and correct it will be returned for correction. After corrections have been made it must be hand-carried back to the Construction Audit Section.

The final estimate is a compilation of all partial estimates – it cannot make payments. If additional payments (or deductions) are due, another partial estimate must be prepared. This "last" partial estimate may be submitted with the final estimate but it must be kept separate because it is not part of the final.

7.2 Final Estimate Quantities

The final quantities must be accurate and derived from field records, including field notes, sketches, computations, and as-built plans. All information necessary to verify quantities must be included in the field records. On most items, work is measured and recorded on a daily basis by the inspector and the final quantity is the summation of all daily quantities. Lump Sum items that cannot be broken down into identifiable work elements (mobilization for example) are not recorded on a daily basis, and the final quantity is simply the plan quantity.

7.3 Final Earthwork Quantities

The standard specifications allow the final earthwork quantity determination to be plan quantity; with some verification that plan quantity was determined with sufficient accuracy. If there is a question about the accuracy of plan quantity by the Contractor or the Project Engineer, either party may recalculate the quantity in accordance with accepted procedures and have the quantities amended by change order. The approved change order quantity then becomes the new plan quantity. Changes can be made by recalculating the earthwork for the entire project or isolated sections within the project where the error is found.

The Project Engineer must manage the activities of his staff throughout this process to not expend unnecessary resources tracking down insignificant quantity changes while at the same time being reasonably sure that there are no major quantity errors. The Project Engineer must also ensure that when recalculation of quantities by the Contractor in isolated area, the Contractor has not "shopped around" for areas with quantity increases and discounted other areas where quantities are decreased.

Earthwork quantities are determined by the average end area method and are based on the location (or original) and theoretical finished (or final) cross sections. When final quantity is based on location sections, the sections must be verified in some manner. Method of measurements and payments for earthwork items is covered in the specifications, EDSM 111.2.1.1 "Determination of Quantities for Payment of Excavation and Embankment (Net Section)" and EDSM 111.2.1.2 "Procedure for Obtaining Template Grades, Revised Plan Cross Sections and Revising Quantities". If the location sections are usable, the original cross-sections used in determining the "Average Elevation" are to be plotted on the corresponding location cross-sections.

Theoretical pay lines for computing volume of earthwork are based on the plan-profile grades and typical section. The theoretical pay line is often referred to as the plan template.

Final verification sections are plotted on the corresponding theoretical cross-sections, in green.

When final verification profiles are used, a "profile differential sheet" which shows the final template grade and the as-constructed subgrade elevation must be prepared and submitted with other cross-section data. This sheet must show the algebraic difference in grade for the entire project.

In plotting cross-sections, original (or location) sections are to be in black; theoretical (template) lines in red; tie points and interpolated sections in blue; and undercuts, template, and final sections in green.

End areas are to be recorded on Form 03-42-0652, "Earthwork Computations", and volumes computed using that form, except when a computer program is being used.

All computations used in arriving at the final pay quantity for earthwork must be submitted, including a detailed recapitulation of the quantities.

Cross-sections are part of as-built plans and thus the Project Engineer must sign each cross-section sheet.

7.4 Railroad Project Final Estimates

Final estimates on railroad force account projects are prepared in accordance with EDSM III.6.1.5, "Partial and Final Inspections, and Progressive and Final Payments for Railway-Highway Force Account Projects", using Form 03-42-0650, "Estimate Summary Sheet". Form 03-42-0651, "Schedule of Work Items", is used on all other projects. The estimate number of the field estimate continues the numerical sequence of the partial estimates: its number will be one (1) greater than the final partial estimate. The inclusive dates of the estimate are date of notice-to-proceed to date of final acceptance.

Refer to "Partial Estimates" for number of required decimals.

7.5 Forms and Information to Accompany Final Estimate

Final estimates should include only data actually needed to audit the project and documents that should become part of the permanent record. In general, the transmittal should be restricted to the following:

- Final estimate forms.
- All field books, ensure that the first two title pages are also filled out.
- As-built plans or corrected and signed "plans-in-contract" plans, each plan sheet signed.
- Cross-sections, including "Profile differential sheet," each sheet signed
- Computations verifying final pay quantities, when required.
- All "Asphaltic Concrete Plant Reports", Form 03-22-3085.
- Releases, warranties, guarantees, letters of receipt, etc. required by the project specifications.
- "In" and "Out" correspondence
- Project Diary, Form 03-40-3093.
- Bar lists on reinforcing steel.
- Signed and approved Form 2059, "Summary of Laboratory Reports."
- Contractor's construction layout books.
- Verification of R/W monuments recordation in courthouse.

Forms that are normally transmitted with final estimates are:

- Schedule of Work Items, Form 03-42-0651.
- Estimate Summary Sheet, Form 03-42-0650.
- Earthwork Computations, Form 03-42-0652 (unless computerized).³
- Recapitulation of Weather and Working Days to Complete Project, Form 03-42-0657, signed by the Project Engineer and District Construction Engineer.
- And, if applicable:
 - Forms 1, 2, and 3, "Master Structure File Data Base (Bridges)".
 - Right of Entry, Form 03-40-4206.
 - Warranties and guarantees required by the specifications.
 - Letter of approval from the Parish Health Unit, for water wells.
 - Copies of agreements with property owners (for debris disposal, etc.
 - Demolition, Alteration, Etc. of Buildings and Miscellaneous Structures, Form 03-40-0673.³
 - Certificate of Release, Form 03-42-0671 or Contractor's Affidavit, Removal and or Relocation of Buildings, Form 03 40 0672.³
 - Railroad's release or Contractor's Affidavit, Form 03 42 0001.³
 - Information required by EDSM 111.2.5.8, "Verification of Navigation Clearances."

Documents and items not required for transmittal with the final estimate are to be maintained for at least five years in the Project Engineer's office.

The form, "Master Structure File Data Base (Bridges)", is required if work has been done at or on a bridge, or if a new bridge has been constructed. Contact the District Bridge Inspector for assistance in preparing the form.

The construction audits unit of the construction division will no longer serve as a depository for incomplete final estimates. All final estimates must be complete or they will not be accepted.

7.6 Final Estimate Book

A "Final Estimate Book" is part of the final estimate and is required on all projects other than railroad force account projects.

The Final Estimate Book is a recapitulation of quantities paid on all contract items and an index to records relating to those items.

Verification of pay quantity must be by actual field measurement, actual field count, haul tickets, detailed computations, referenced plan quantity, and/or field book records.

If plan quantity, reference must be made to the as-built plan sheet that shows the plan quantity (see "As-Built Plans").

Partial estimates may not be used as reference to final pay quantities.

7.7 As-Built Plans

As part of the final estimate the Department requires "as-built" plans. As-built plans are a set of the project plans (prints) corrected to show as-built conditions.

All changes made during construction must be shown by correction of notes, data or details shown in the plans, or by adding notes, details or plan sheets. All changes (corrections) to the prints are to be made using a red pencil or pen.

Notes, data and details that were not changed are to be "checked off" to indicate that the note, data or detail is correct and as-constructed. The check marks are to be made using a red pencil or pen.

All relocated buildings or other items must be shown in their new location except when the new location is beyond the limits of the plan sheet.

Examples of typical changes that must be shown in the as-built plans are changes in right-of-way, alignment, grade, stationing, equations, exceptions, typical sections, drainage structures (both size and location), and structural details. Most changes will require corrections or revisions of several sheets.

• The sheets of the as-built plans are to be arranged in the same order as the original plans, and are to include voided sheets, revised sheets, and sheets added by change order. The applicable revised sheet or sheets should immediately follow a voided sheet.

Each sheet of the as-built plans must be signed and dated (usually in the lower right corner) by the Project Engineer in ink.

A cover sheet is required for the as-built plans. Two cover sheets are available from General Files; one for highway projects, and one for airport projects. For other projects, project personnel should prepare a cover sheet.

The above rules apply also to plans that are "included in the contract" except (a) the plans are removed from the contract and (b) no cover sheet is required.

APPENDIX A

Samples of Field Book Records

APPENDIX A.

Examples of specific Field Book records follow, each showing the minimum information that is required to satisfy good record keeping requirements.

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	Measurement	A-20
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	Fence	A-31
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	Pavement	A-51
	Jim Tadie Memorial Bridge	A-52
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810-01	Concrete Railing	A-65
812-02	Treated Timber	A-66

Additional copies of this Appendix may be obtained from the Construction Audit Section.

TITEM 201(1) CLEARING AND GRUBBING LUMP SUM PROJECT TOTAL 100% COMPLETE PROJECT TOTAL 100% COMPLETE C.B. T-29-03 C.B. T-29-03									
CLEARING AND GRUBBING LUMP SUM PROJECT TOTAL 100% COMPLETE PROJECT TOTAL 100% COMPLETE	(ITEM	201 (1)		ί		ITEM	201(2)		\
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10-7-03	20+00	3 SPAN 1	IMBER			1	\$2000	Ø.B.		
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		15.10								
8-8-03	14+00	15+10	LT.	122.6	⊘ .B.	FLA	RE CONSIDERE	.D		
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2-13-03	20%		۷.۵.		I AIL	TARTIAL LOT	ITIATE #Z		
3-15-03	10%		Ø.B.		PAID	PARTIAL EST	MATE #3		
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	10+35	14+60	425			5W	5-11-03			
	14+80	16+00	120			5W	5-11-03			
	18+00	25+00	700			5W	5-12-03			
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FROJECT	TOTAL		1240			ALC		5W 5-13-03		
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NOTE:	THE CONSTR	RUCTION FIELI	RECORDS ,	ARE RECORD	ED IN SUCH A					
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	REQUIRED.									

ITEM 203-08											
BORROW (VEHIC JLAR MEASUREMENT) CUBIC YARD STA. TO STA. CU. YARDS. REMARKS 10+39 - 14+60 42 3-22-03 (2.B. 14+80 - 16+00 12 3-22-03 (2.B. PROJECT TOTAL 124 NOTE: THE FORMAT USED IN RECORDING AND SUMMARZING MATERIAL		ITEM	203-08			[
STA. TO STA. CU. YARDS. REMARKS 10+39 - 14+60 42 3-22-03 & B. 14+80 - 16+00 12 3-22-03 & B. 18+00 - 29+00 70 3-22-03 & B. PROJECT TOTAL 124 NOTE: THE FORMAT USED IN RECORDING AND SUMMARIZING MATERIAL	BORRO)						
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NOTE: THE FORMAT USED IN RECORDING AND SUMMARIZING MATERIAL											
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	CUE	IC YARD				3'		3'			
							6.			BOX USED	
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STA.	ТО	STA.		BATCH COUNT			CUBIC YARDS	REMARK	5		
11+00	-	14+50		21			42	3-22-0	3 Q.B.		
15+00	-	16+00		6			12	3-22-0	3 <i>Q.</i> B.		
18+00	-	25+00		28	[56	3-22-0	3 <i>e.</i> B.		
			PROJE(OT TOTAL	ĺ		110				
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NOTE:	ALL NECESS	ARY MEASUR	EMENTS ARE	GIVEN TO							
	VERIFY PAY										
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	ITEM	204-02]					
TEMPO	RARY HA	OR STR	AW BALES	>							
	PE	R EACH									
STA.	STA.	SIDE &	REMAR	1 5		NO. BALES	DATE:	INSP.	PAID- EST. NO.		
10+00	10+83	RT.	ALONG F	ENCE NEAR	TOE	28	2-08-03	€.B.	2nd		
			OF FILL	SLOPE.							
						4	3-02-03	Ø.B.	3rd		
11+40		LT.	AROUND	END OF SID	E DRAIN						
			PROJE(T TOTAL		32					

	ITEM	204-03			(,
TE	MPORARY	SLOPE I	RAINS							
		AR FOOT								
									DAID	
									PAID ESTIMATE	
									NO.	
		SIDE &		LINEAR FOOT	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	DEM	ARKS		12	
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12+	00	LT.		68.4		5W	5-12-03			
14+	00	LT.		66.9		5W	5-12-03			
	PROJEC	T TOTAL		135.3	ĺ	AC	TUAL FIELD) MEASURE	EMENT	
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		ITEM :	204-04 A	ND 204-	05					
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			EAC							
STA	TION	SIDE &		SEDIMENT BASINS	CHECK DAMS	REM	ARKS	EST. PAID		
12+	00	LT.		1		SW	5-11-03	2nd		
12-	50	LT.			1	5W	5-11-03	2nd		
13+	00	LT.		1	[5W	6-12-03	3rd		
13+	-50	LT.		1		5W	6-12-03	3rd		
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			ITEM 20		ĺ					,
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			LINEAR F	FOOT						
STA.	ТО	STA.	SIDE E	LINEAR FOOT		REM	ARKS			
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12+00	-	14+00	RT.	203.1		ACT	UAL FIELD	MEAS.	SW 03	
									3-12-03	
18+20	-	21+60	LT.	306.2		ACT	UAL FIELD	MEAS.	5W -12-03	
								į	3-12-0-	
	PROJEC	T TOTAL		509.3						
					ĺ					
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				ITEM	301-01	BASE C	OURSE			
				(PAY PLAN	QUANTITY OR	ADJUSTMEN	TS AS NOTES))		
STA	- STA.	DESCRIPTION	N			PLAN QUANT.	ADJ. PAY QUANT.	REMARKS		
						C.Y.	C.Y.	11211111111		
10+00	15+00	NORMAL RC	ADWAY			314.8	314.8	OZALID SHEE	T 3b	
15+00	16+20		ADWAY + TL	IRNOUT		155.0	195.0	OZALID SHEE FIELD BK. 34	T 3b AND	
16+20	35+00	NORMAL RC	ADWAY			1183.6	1183.6	OZALID SHEE		
	ITEM :	301-01 P	ROJECT T	OTAL			1693.4			
									SW	
									4-15-03	
NOTE:	THE QL	ANTITIES .	ACCEPTED	BY THE	PROJECT	ENGINEER	ARE PLAN			
QU,	ANTITIES F	OR SECT	ONS 10+	00 - 15+	00 AND 1	G+20 -	35+00. TI	HESE		
QU,	ANTITIES (AN BE VE	RIFIED BY	REFERRIN	G TO OZ.	ALID PLAI	N SHEET 3	b.		
Α (HECK MA	RK BY TH	e quanti	TES 314.8	AND 118	3.6 WILL	INDICATE -	НАТ		
THE	SE ARE	HE ACCE	PTED PAY	QUANTITIE	5.					
NOTE:	AN ADJ	USTMENT	HAS BEEN	MADE O	N SECTION	15+00	- 16+20.			
REF	ERRING T	O OZALID	PLAN SH	EET 36 W	ILL SHOW	THAT TH	TE QUANTI	TY 155.0		
HAS	BEEN C	HANGED A	ND 195.0	IS THE A	CCEPTED	PAY QUA	NTITY. DET	AILED		
CO	MPUTATION	NS IN FIEL	D BOOK 1	NO. 34-19	14. P.26. V	VILL VERI	FY THIS Q	UANTITY.		

	ITEM	303-01 :	and 303	(R-B)		1]						,
	IN PL	ACE CEME	NT STABIL	IZED									
	BASE	COURSE	(8-1/2° T	HICK)									
		SQUARE	YARD										
					Z CEN	MENT				UNIT			
STA.	STA.	LIN. FT.	WIDTH	SQ. YARD	ACTUAL	PLAN [ACTUAL QUANT. (LBS)	PLAN QUANTITY		PRICE*		>	
10.00	16.00	6000	22.0	1522.22	10		10.000.40	0.774.00	122.1	0.100	SW 5-20-	0.3	
10+00	16+00	600.0	23.0	1533.33	10	<u> </u>	10.209.42	9.774.98	433.4	0.128	JW 5-20-	-03	
16+00	18+00	200.0	VARIES	1287.62	8	8	8.208.58	8.208.58	0	0.128	INTERSECTION	DELAUNE RD. AND	STEWART
											AVE., SEE P.70	FOR DETAILED C	OMPUTATIONS.
18+00	25+00	700.0	23.0	1788.89	10	8	11.911.03	11.404.17	506.9	0.128	SW 5-22-	-03 SW	5-21-03
						l							
	PROJE	T TOTAL		4609.8					940.3				
						[]						
NOTE:		+						LD NOTES					
								UALLY TH		5E			
		IELD CON	STRUCTION	N. ADDITIO	NAL 5	UMM,	ARIZATIO	N IS USUA	LLY				
REQUIRE	.D.												
						•							
* Invoice No.	. 167432 da	ted 5/20/0	3. total price	¢ \$6.020.00	. quantii	ty 49.	040 lbs. \$0	6.020.00/49.	040 lb:	5 = \$0	.128/lb.		
** Invoice N	o. 167434 d	ated 5/20/)3. total pri	ce \$6.008.9!	5. quant	ity 4{	3.950 lbs. \$	6.008.95/48	950 lbs	5 = \$0	.128/lb.		

				ITEM	305-01	SUBBAS	E TREATM	ENT (6" 1	THICK)		
					5Q.	YD					
DATE	STA.	STA.	LENGTH	WIDTH	SQ. YD.	ス LIME	LBS LIME	INSP.	REMARKS		
2-3-03	10+00	14+75	475.0	24.0	1.266.7	14	27.930	Ø.B.			
						{					
2-3-03	14+75	15+75						Ø.B.	BRIDGE EXCE	PTION	
2-3-03	15+75	17+25	ROAD' TURNO	MAY 4	740.5	14	16.328	Ø.B.	SEE P. 42 F FOR COMPU	OR TATIONS	
	PROJEC	T TOTAL			2007.2			Q.B.	2-8-03		
					,						

					ITEM 306 !	-01				
			SCARIFY	NG AND (OMPACTIN		ED (* T	HICK)		
					MILE					
					7 1122					
							DEN 4 DIV.C			
STATION	TO STATION	MILE					REMARKS			
10+50 TC	18+00	0.142						ITY - OZALID		
							NO. 2C (2.B. 2-8-03		
19+00 TC	24+00	0.095						ITY - OZALID		
							NO. 2C	2.B. 3-1-03	>	
PROJEC	T TOTAL	0.237								
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	ITEM 4	401-01			[
AGGRE	GATE SUF	RFACE CO	URSE							
	(NET SI	ECTION)								
	CUBIC	YARD					10/			
							10'			
					[4-		
						4.				
						C.Y./L	F. = 10.0 X 0.3333	3/27 = 0.1234		
STA	TO	STA.	SIDE &	LIN. FT.	FACTOR	CU. YD	REMARKS			
			L	1 1.						
10+35	-	14+60	LT.	425.0	0.1234	52.45	SW 4-28-03			
					[
14+60	-	16+00	LT.	140.0	0.1234	17.28	SW 4-28-03			
18+00	-	25+00	LT.	700.0	0.1234	86.38	SW 4-29-03			
			PROJE	CT TOTAL	-	156.11				
NOTE:	THE	SE COMF	PUTATIONS	REPRESE	NT THE A	CTUAL FI	ELD CONSTRUCTION	ON NOTES.		
ADDITIC	NAL COMP	PUTATIONS	REQUIRE	D WHEN F	ACTOR CH	TANGES.				
						[

	ITEM 4	01-02			1						,
AGGRE	GATE SUF	RFACE CC	URSE								
CADJUSTE	D VEHICUL	AR MEAS	UREMENT)								
	CUBIC	YARD									
STA	TO	STA.		CU. YD	ĺ		REMARKS				
10+00	-	16+00		170			SW 5-10-	-03			
18+00	-	25+00		196			SW 5-10-	-03			
		TOTAL		366							
					l						
		366 /	1.3 = 281.5	CU. YD.			5 CU. YD. AS				
						FINAL MAI	ERIAL MEMORA	CMUUNI			
			CT TOTA		[]					
NOTE:								DA DIFFER			
								FECTS OF			
				THE FINA	l Materiai	L MEMOR	ANDUM. WIL	L			
BE TH	E FINAL F	AY QUAN	TITY.								
					ļ						
					[,
		l .	l			l		l .	L	1	

	ITEM 5	01-01			[
Д	SPHALTIC	CONCRET									
DATE	STATION -	STATION		TONS	ACCUMULATED TONS	LOT NO.	JMF SEQ. NO.	REMARKS			
6-2-03	10+00 -	15+00		450.012		2	03			5W	
6-2-03	12+50 (TL	IRNOUT)		48.321	498.333 [l 2	03			SW	
6-3-03	15+00 -	20+00		* 452.320	950.653	3	03	* ITEM 501- 452.320 TO	D1(A)(X) NS • 90% PAY	, 5W	
6-4-03	20+00 -	25+00		** 446.500		4	05			SW	
6-4-03	22+00 (TI	URNOUT)		** 97.602	1494.755	4	05	** ITEM 501- 544.102 TON	-01(A)(X)(Y) S ● 80% PAY	5W	
		GRAND	TOTAL		1494.755						
		PROJE	CT TOTAL	=	544.102	ITEM 5	501-01(A)(X)(Y)			
		PROJE	CT TOTAL	-	452.320 [[]	ITEM 5	501-01(A)(X)				
		PROJE	CT TOTAL	-	498.333	ITEM 5	01-01(A)				
					[
NOTE:	THE QI	JANTITY IS	VERIFIED	BY HAUL	TICKETS.	THESE F	IELD CONS	TRUCTION			
NOTES	5 SHOW A	A REPRES	ENTATIVE	QUANTITY	PAID UNDE	R THE A	PPLICABLE	ITEM AND			
THE L	OCATION	OF MATER	NAL FOR	EACH ITEN	1. IT IS TH	E PROJE	CT ENGINE	R'S			
DECISI	ON TO AI	DD ANY A	DDITIONAL	INFORMA"	TION.						
NOTE:	THE C	NUANTITY	SHOWN O	N THE MA	TERIAL ME	MORANDA	DIFFER				
FROM TH	tE RECOR	DED FIELD	воок а	UANTITIES	. REGARDL	ESS OF	THE EFFE	CTS OF			
ROUNDIN	G OFF, Th	TE QUANT	ITY ON TH	TE FINAL I	MATERIAL N	IEMORAN	DUM. WILL				
BE THE	FINAL PAY	QUANTIT	Υ.								
					ſ						

	ΙΤ	EM 509-(1			(
COL			TIC PAVEM	1ENT							
			SIDE								
DATE	STA	STA	SIDE &	LENGTH	WIDTH	SQ. YD.	INSP.	REMARKS			
2-14-03	10+00	- 24+60	LT.	1460.0	12	1946.7	Q.B.				
2-14-03	10+00	- 18+75	RT.	875.O	12	1166.7	Q.B.				
2-15-03	18+75	32+76	RT.	1401.0	12	1868.0	€.B.				
2-15-03	24+60	- 32+76	LT.	816.0	12	1088.0	Q.B.				
2-16-03	32+76	- 34+54	LT. + RT.	178.0	VARIES	534.6	Ø.B.	SEE P.32 FOR AND SKETCH	COMPUTATIO OF TURNOUT	N5	
			PROJE	CT TOTAL		6604.0	Q.B.				

	ITEM GO	01-01 + (D2 PORT	-		CRETE PAVEMENT	(9" THICK)		
				SQUARE	YARD				
CTA	CTA	LINI ET	WIDTH	5Q.	INCR	REMARKS			
SIA	SIA	LIIN. FT.	WIDTH	YARD	INSE.	KLHAKI			
10+00	16+00	600.0	22.0	1466.7	Ø.B.	PAY PLAN QUANTI SEE SHEET NO. 4	TY - b		
18+00	25+00	700.0	22.0	1711.1	Ø.B.	PAY PLAN QUANTI SEE SHEET NO. 4	TY - b		
		TOTAL		3177.8	[
STA	STA	LIN. FT.	WIDTH	5Q. YARD	INSP.	REMARKS			
16+00	18+00	200.0	VARIES	1140.6	Q.B.	DELAUNE RD. AND INTERSECTION: SE	STEWART AVE. E P. 76 FOR COMP	PUTATIONS	
		TOTAL		1140.6					
	PRO IFO	Τ ΤΟΤΛΙ		4318.4					
	110300	, IOIAL		1010.7					
	18+00 STA	STA STA 10+00 16+00 18+00 25+00 STA STA 16+00 18+00	STA STA LIN. FT. 10+00 16+00 600.0 18+00 25+00 700.0 TOTAL STA STA LIN. FT. 16+00 18+00 200.0	STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH 10+00 16+00 600.0 22.0 18+00 25+00 700.0 22.0 TOTAL STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH 16+00 18+00 200.0 VARIES	STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH SQ. YARD 10+00 16+00 600.0 22.0 1466.7 18+00 25+00 700.0 22.0 1711.1 TOTAL 3177.8 STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH SQ. YARD 16+00 18+00 200.0 VARIES 1140.6 TOTAL 1140.6	STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH SQ. 1NSP. 10+00 16+00 600.0 22.0 1466.7 C.B. 18+00 25+00 700.0 22.0 1711.1 C.B. TOTAL 3177.8 STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH SQ. 1NSP. 16+00 18+00 200.0 VARIES 1140.6 C.B.	STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH YARD INSP. REMARKS 10+00 16+00 600.0 22.0 1466.7 C.B. PAY PLAN QUANTI SEE SHEET NO. 4 18+00 25+00 700.0 22.0 1711.1 C.B. PAY PLAN QUANTI SEE SHEET NO. 4 TOTAL 3177.8 SQ. INSP. REMARKS 16+00 18+00 200.0 VARIES 1140.6 C.B. DELAUNE RD. AND INTERSECTION: SE	STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH YARD INSP. REMARKS 10+00 16+00 600.0 22.0 1466.7 C.B. PAY PLAN QUANTITY - SEE SHEET NO. 4b 18+00 25+00 700.0 22.0 1711.1 C.B. PAY PLAN QUANTITY - SEE SHEET NO. 4b TOTAL 3177.8 STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH YARD INSP. REMARKS 16+00 18+00 200.0 VARIES 1140.6 C.B. DELAUNE RD. AND STEWART AVE. INTERSECTION: SEE P. 76 FOR COME	SQUARE YARD SQUARE YARD STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH YARD INSP. REMARKS 10+00 16+00 600.0 22.0 1466.7 C.B. PAY PLAN QUANTITY - SEE SHEET NO. 4b TOTAL 3177.8 STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH SQ. INSP. REMARKS STA STA LIN. FT. WIDTH SQ. INSP. REMARKS 16+00 18+00 200.0 VARIES 1140.6 C.B. DELAUNE RD. AND STEWART AVE. INTERSECTION: SEE P. 76 FOR COMPUTATIONS TOTAL 1140.6

										T	
			TEM 602	-12 UNDE	RSEALING '	, PAVEMEI	NT (TYPE)	ТО	N		
			TEM 602	-14 HOL	ES FOR U	NDERSEA	_	EA	СН		
STATION	SIDE &	735-01	735-02				REMARKS				
		TON	EACH				(CEM	ENT WEIGHT DI	TERMINED		
					1]	BY A	CTUAL COUNT	OF BAGS		
14+00	LT.	0.51	8				USED	O G BAGS CE	MENT USED		
							IN 50	URRY. 5.T.	3-15-03		
											-
PROJEC'	T TOTAL	0.51	8					602-14 QUAN		<u> </u>	
							MINED	BY ACTUAL F			
								S.T.	3-15-03		
NOTE:	ITEN	1 602 <i>-</i> 12	IS PAID F	ВУ НДІЛ	TICKETS, H	OWEVER	ΔΙΙ				
					UCTION FI						
]					
										1	/

						{				
					DRAINAGE	SUMMAR	/			
FIELD NO	BOOK).	PAGE NO.	701-19 L.F.	701-13 L.F.	701-14 L.F.	701-21 L.F.	701-22 L.F.	701-24 L.F.		
149-	-674	6	24							
149-	-674	7	24							
149-	-674	7	28							
149-	-674	8	28							
149-	-674	8		28.6						
131-	476	22			42.3					
131-	476	22				48				
	476	23					30			
131-	-476	24						30.2		
						1				
PRO	DJECT TO	TAL	104	28.6	42.3	48	30	30.2		
								54		
								5W 3-17	-03	
						{				

		1							
/	ITEM	701 (15)		[ITEN	1 702(3)		
REINFO	RCED CO	NCRETE PI	PE (18")			CAT	CH BASIN		
	LIN.	FT.					EACH		
	STA. 15	+85 £. ST	R. NO.37			STA.	15+85 LT.	. STR. NO	.38
	37.	9' 5W	3						
req'd	18" × 37	9' 5W 9' 3-17-05 5' R.C. PI	PE	(3-3-03	SLAB POURE	D	
						3-10-03	WALLS POUR	ED	
MANUFAC	TURED DATE		: 12-15-82			3-17-03	STRUCTURE	100% COMPLE	TE
NUMBER	AND LENGTH	OF JOINTS	: 5 • 7.5						
DATE LAI	D		: 3-2-03			STR	UCTURE TO	TAL <u>1</u> EAC)H
*FIELD ME	ASURED LENG	STH	: 37.9°						
INSPECTO			: S.W.					SW	<u> </u>
				[3-17-	09
	STRUCTU	re total	37.9′						
* THIS PIPE	EXAMPLE H	AS ONE CON	FINED	[
		HAT THE PA							
QUANTIT`	r BE FIELD M	EASURED. IF							
THERE W	AS NO CONF	INED END. TH	E PAY						
QUANTIT`	r WOULD BE	37.5°							
				[
				[
									_

	ITEM 701	-30			[
FABRICA		DUIT FITTII	NG5						
	EACH								
STA	TION		EACH			REM/	RKS		
					[
11+6	O LT.		1			SW	5-13-03		
12+0	O RT.		2			SW	5-13-03		
PROJEC	T TOTAL		3			ACTL	AL FIELD		
					[5W 5-19-03	
ADDITIO	NAL BECORD	ATION IS PRO	IECT ENCINE	EBIG DECIGIO	N.I				
ADDITIO	NAL KLOOKD	ATION IS FRO	JLCI LINGINL	LK 5 DECISIC	117				
					l				
					[
					[
		1		1	I				ı /

	ITEM 702	2-04			[
1	DJUSTING		_					
	EACH							
STATION	SIDE &	DATE ADJUSTED	EACH	REMARKS				
					[
12+20	LT.	11-6-03	1	5W				
14+60	LT.	11-22-03	1	5W				
15+00	RT.	12-8-03	1	5W				
					ſ			
PROJECT	TOTAL		3		L			
					[
					[
					ſ			

								I		
	ITEM 70:	3-01			[
PERFORA	TED PIPE	UNDERDRA	AINS (SIZE)						
	LINEAR F									
STA	TION	MEAS. LENGTH				REMARKS				
		LLINGIII			[
12+	20 LT.	64.6				5W	5-13-03			
16-	20 LT.	80.2				SW	5-13-03			
PROJECT	TOTAL	144.8								
					[
					[
					[
					ſ					

				ITE	M 704-01	GUARD	RAIL			
					LINEAR	FOOT				
DATE	STA.	STA.	SIDE E	MEAS. LENGTH	INSP.	REM	ARK5			
2-6-03	20+40 -	20+90	LT.	50.0	€.B. 1	BRIDO	E NO. 1			
2-6-03	21+90 -	22+40	LT.	50.0	€.B.	BRIDO	E NO. 1			
2-6-03	20+40 -	- 20+90	RT.	50.0	€.B.	BRIDO	E NO. 1			
0.000	01.00	00.10	D.F.	500	ℓ.B.	ppipa	- NO 1			
2-6-03	21+90 -	22+40	RT.	50.0	(e.D.	BRIDG	E NO. 1			
	PRO IFO	T TOTAL		200.0	Ø.B.					
	TROSEC	TOTAL		200.0	C.D.					
NOTE:	PAY QL	JANTITY W	ILL BE PL	an quant	ITY UNLES	S CHANC	JES ARE F	REQUIRED		
	TO AD.	UST TO	FIELD CON	DITIONS.	FIELD MEAS	SUREMEN'	TS ARE M	ADE TO		
	VERIFY	QUANTITY	INSTALLE	D. THIS F	ORMAT AL	SO USEI	FOR ITE	MS		
	704-02	, 704-03	3, 704-04	. 704-05	. 704-06	, 704-0°	7. 704-08	3		
					[
										,

		ITEM	705-01 B	ARBED WI	RE FENCE	I 'LINEAR	FOOT'				
		ITEM	705-02 (OMBINATIO	ON MESH A	AND BARE	BED WIRE	FENCE 'LINE	AR FOOT		
		ITEM	705-03 9	SINGLE SV	VINGING WA	LK GATE	S EACH				
		ITEM	705-09 R	EBUILT FE	NCE 'LINE	AR FOO	T'				
STA.	TO.	STA.	SIDE E	705-01 L.F.	705-02 L.F.	705-03 EACH	705-09 L.F.	REMARKS			
14+00	-	14+80	RT.	81.6				ACT. FLD.	MEAS.	W 5-13-03	
14+80	-	15+00	RT.					NO FENCE	OR GATE	5W 5-13-03	
15+00	-	16+50	RT.		148.0			ACT. FLD.	MEAS.	5W 5-13-03	
16+50	-	16+54	RT.			1		ACT. FLD.	COUNT 9	5W 5-13-03	
16+54	-	18+00	RT.				146.0	ACT. FLD.	MEAS.	5W 5-13-03	
	PROJEC	T TOTAL		81.6	148.0	1	146.0				
						ı					
			1	l .	1				1		

	ITEM 70									
	ITEM 70									
CONCRETE V	VALKS. DRIVE	5. AND INCIDE	NTAL PAVING							
	SQUARE	YARD								
STA	TION	SIDE &	LENGTH	WIDTH	SQUARE YARD	REMARKS				
14-	+00	LT.	62.0	4.0	27.56	SW 5-1	3-03			
			72.0			211 9				
14+00 -	15+00	LT.	100.0	4.0	44.44	SW 5-1	3-03			
		_			0.00					
16-	-00	LT.	VA	RIES	86.2			+ COMPUTATI	ON5	
						5'	W 5-14-03			
	PROJECT 1	TOTAL			158.2 [[]					
					l					
					1					
		-								

				ITEM 7	07-01 °C	ONCRETE	CURB"			
					LINEAR	FOOT				
DATE	LOCA	TION		LIN. FT.			REMARKS			
5-16-03	16+40	TO 17+60		32.0	(RADII OF ISL	ANDS AT DELA	UNE	
	16+40	TO 17+60		46.5			ROAD AND	STEWART AVE.		
							INTERSECTIO	n SW		
5-17-03	16+40	TO 17+60		64.5			CURB AT IS	AND IS COMPL	ETE SW	
5-18-03	20+00	TO 22+20		116.0			TANGENT CL	JRBS AT BRUMF	IELD	
					['S PARKING MA		
							COMPLETED	CACTUAL FLD.	MEAS.) SW	
5-19-03	22+50	TO 23+00		220.0	[TIE-INS. TAN	GENTS AND IS	LAND	
							CURBS AT	BROTHER BUR	GESS" SW	
							CHURCH OF	NEW FAITH	COMPLETED	
NOTE:	THESE ARE	ACTUAL CON	STRUCTION	FIELD NOTES	. THE DATE, L	OCATION, A	PPROXIMATE			
QUANTITY	AND INSPECT	OR IN CHAR	E IS NOTED.	AN ADDITIO	NAL SUMMAR	WILL BE M	ADE TO			
PAY QUAN	TITIES AND A	DJUSTMENTS								
					[
					[

	IT	EM 708-) 1		1				ITEM	709-01	
	RIGHT (OF WAY 1	1ARKER					ST	EEL RAIL (ATTLE GU	4RD
		EACH							E,	4CH	
STATION	SIDE &	DISTANCE LT.	DISTANCE RT.	EACH			STATION	EACH		REI	1ARKS
					I]					
10+00	LT. + RT.	40.01	40.01	2	5W 5-16-03		14+00	1		5W 5-1	7-03
15+00	LT. + RT.	40.0° 50.0°	40.0° 50.0°	4	5W 5-16-03		19+00	1		5W 5-1	7-03
20+00	LT.	50.01		1	5W 5-17-03			2		PROJECT	TOTAL
21+00	RT.		50.0° 40.0°	2	5W 5-17-03						
23+00	LT. + RT.	50.0°	40.01	2	5W 5-17-03						
]					
	PROJECT	TOTAL		11							
						J					
_											

	-	EM 711-0	1		(]		ITEM 711	-02		
	RAI	DOM RIPR	AP			R	iprap for	SINKING N	ATTRESSES	5	
	C	JBIC YARI)					TON			
DATE	STA	STA	CU. YD.	INSP.		DATE	STA	STA	TON	INSP.	
2-6-03	14+00	14+50	40.0	Q.B.	[2-3-03	16+80	18+80	6.428	Q.B.	
2-7-03	14+00	14+50	60.0	Q.B.		2-4-03	16+80	18+80	6.012	Q.B.	
2-8-03	14+00	14+50	20.0	Q.B.		2-5-03	16+80	18+80	5.850	e.B.	
	PROJECT	TOTAL	120.0		[2-6-03	16+80	18+80	4.200	e.B.	
						PROJE	CT TOTAL		22.490		
					[(THIS	FORMAT ALS	O USED FOR	711-03		
NOTE:	THE QL	JANTITY IS	VERIFIED	BY HAUL	TICKETS.	THESE F	IELD CONS	TRUCTION			
NOTE							PPLICABLE				
THE L	OCATION	OF MATER	NAL FOR	EACH ITEM	1. IT IS TH	E PROJE	CT ENGINEE	R15			
DECIS	ION TO AL	DD ANY A	DDITIONAL	INFORMAT	ION.]					
NOTE:	THE C	UANTITY S	SHOWN O	N THE MA	TERIAL MEI	MORANDA	DIFFER				
FROM TH	E RECOR	DED FIELD	воок а	UANTITIES	REGARDL	ESS OF	THE EFFE	CTS OF			
ROUNDIN	G OFF, Th	TE QUANT	TY ON TH	TE FINAL 1	MATERIAL M	1EMORANI	DUM. WILL				
BE THE	FINAL PAY	QUANTIT	Y								

		Į į						
ITEM 713-01					722-01			
TEMPORARY SIGNS AN	D BARRICADE\$		PR	OJECT SITE		TORY		
LUMP SUM				EAC	CH			
				9-17-82	DELIVER	ED 10' v	14'	
	27 C 2MDL ETE			1 17 02				
PROJECT TOTAL 100						_ABORATO)K I	
	SW 3				ON PRO	DJECT		
	5W 3 4-15-03							
				PROJECT	TOTAL _	L EACH		
					_			
		1			5	N -03		
					9-	170		
		1						

	ΙΤ	EM 714-0	2		[
		WATER									
	١	1/GALLON	5								
STATION	TO	STATION	SIDE Q	M/GAL.	REMARKS						
					[
12+00	TO	18+00	LT.	1.410	5-6-03 5.W.	<u> </u>	6.0')	8.			
14+00	ТО	21+00	RT.	1.410	5-6-03 5.W.						
							VOLUME				
	PROJ	ECT TOTAL	L	2.820				× 2.5 × 8	3.0 = 188.5	O C.F.	
							GALLON5				
							188.50	x 7.481 =	1410		
					[
					,						
					[
_										I .	1 /

	17	EM 718-0	1]				TEM 718-0	12	
		FERTILIZER							CULTURAL		
		POUND							TON		
STA. T	O STA.	TYPE	ADJ. QUANT.	REMARKS		STA. 1	TO STA.		TON5	REMA	RK5
12+00 T	O 14+00	12-12-12	150.0	100 LB x 5-18-03		10+00 T	T. TO 23+00		2.986	5-18	-03 5.W.
	.22 ACERS										
16+00 T	0 20+00	16-16-16	200.0	100 LB x 5-18-03		10+00	RT. TO 23+00		3.021	5-18	-03 S.W.
	.40 ACERS										
20+00 T	0 22+00	8-8-8	100.0	100 LB x 5-18-03			PROJECT	TOTAL	6.007		
	.10 ACERS										
PROJEC	T TOTAL		450.0		[
					[
NOTE:	THE QI	JANTITY IS	VERIFIED	BY HAUL	TICKETS.	THESE F	FIELD CONS	TRUCTION			
NOTE:	5 SHOW ,	A REPRES	ENTATIVE	QUANTITY	PAID UNDE	ER THE ,	APPLICABLE	ITEM AND			
THE L	OCATION	OF MATER	RIAL FOR	EACH ITEN	1. IT IS TH	E PROJE	CT ENGINE	ER'S			
DECISI	ON TO A	DD ANY A	DDITIONAL	INFORMA	TION.						
NOTE:	THE C	NUANTITY	SHOWN O	N THE MA	TERIAL ME	MORANDA	DIFFER				
FROM TH	TE RECOR	DED FIELD	воок а	UANTITIES	. REGARDL	ESS OF	THE EFFE	CTS OF			
ROUNDIN	G OFF, Th	HE QUANT	ITY ON TH	HE FINAL	MATERIAL N	1EMORAN	DUM. WILL				
BE THE	FINAL PAY	QUANTIT	Υ.								
					-						

				[
PLANT		SIZE)								
	EACH									
	CIDE									
STATION	SIDE	EACH	REMARKS							
				[
15+20	RT.	7	5-20-03	5.W.						
14.80	I T	4	F 20 02	C 11/						
, 14+00	LI.	4	3-20-03	J.W.						
 >o	LT.	8	5-21-03	5.W.						
T TOTAL		19								
				[
-										
					•					,
)	PLANT STATION 15+20 14+80	PLANT'S (TYPE. EACH STATION SIDE & 15+20 RT. 14+80 LT.	15+20 RT. 7 14+80 LT. 4	PLANT S (TYPE. SIZE) EACH SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 DO LT. 8 5-21-03	PLANT'S (TYPE, SIZE) EACH SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 S.W. 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 S.W.	PLANT S (TYPE. SIZE) EACH SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 S.W. 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 S.W. DO LT. 8 5-21-03 S.W.	PLANT S (TYPE. SIZE) EACH SIDE EACH STATION SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 S.W. 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 S.W. DO LT. 8 5-21-03 S.W.	PLANT S (TYPE. SIZE) EACH STATION SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 S.W. 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 S.W.	PLANT S (TYPE. SIZE) EACH STATION SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 S.W. 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 S.W. DO LT. 8 5-21-03 S.W.	PLANT'S (TYPE. SIZE) EACH SIDE STATION SIDE EACH REMARKS 15+20 RT. 7 5-20-03 S.W. 14+80 LT. 4 5-20-03 S.W. DO LT. 8 5-21-03 S.W.

	17	EM 719-C	12		[
ТО	P DRESSI	NG MULCH	(4" DEPT	H)						
		UARE YAF								
DATE	STA	STA	LENGTH	WIDTH	5Q. YD.	INSP.	REMARKS			
					Į.					
2-10-03	40+04	42+10	210.6	4.0	93.6	€.B.	ACT. FLD.	1EAS.		
						4 D	SEE COMPU	TATION FOLDI OR SKETCH A	R #1	
2-11-03	51+20 -	52+00	VARIES	VARIES	114.6	Ø.B.	PAGE 16 FC	OR SKETCH A	ND COMP.	
		PROJEC	T TOTAL		208.2	⊘ .B.				
						<u> </u>				
					[
NOTE: T	HIS FORM	AT ALSO	USED FO	R ITEM 71	9 (03)					
					[
					[

	IT	EM 720-0	1]					
	EROSION	CONTROL	SYSTEM								
		PER S.Y.									
			CIDE								
DATE	STA	STA	SIDE E	LENGTH	WIDTH	SQ. YDS.	INSP.				
2-12-03	20+20	24+60	LT.	440	30	1467	Ø.B.				
	00.00	24.00		600	20	2007	@.B.				
2-12-03	28+20	34+80	LT.	680	30	2267	V.D.				
2-13-03	34+80	36+00	LT.	120	45 AV.	600	⊘ .B.				
2 10 00	01100	34.00	L1.	120	19 /11.	000					
2-13-03	36+20	34+00	RT.	200	40 AV.	889	⊘ .B.				
2-14-03	34+00	27+75	RT.	625	30	2083	Ø.B.				
]					
]					
						1					
	1	1	1		1	1		1	1	1	1 /

				ITEM 72	4-01	 "PAVEMEI	NT PATCHIN	lG"		
					SQUARE	YARD				
DATE	STA	STA	LENGTH	WIDTH	PLAN DEPTH	ACTUAL DEPTH	SQUARE YARD	INSP.		
3-3-03	18+90	19+80	90.0	12.0	12.	12"	120.0	Ø.B.		
3-3-03	19+90	20+00	10.0	12.0	12"	16*	13.3	Ø.B.		
			PROJE	CT TOTAL			133.3	Ø.B.		
				11EM 724	(O1) (A)		EPTH PAT	CHING"		
					SQUARE					
			OVERDEPT SQUARE	UNIT PRICE	OVER	QUANT OF	NIT PRICE / 12	2)		
DATE	STA	STA	YARD	TOTAL PATCH	DEPTH	OVERDEPTH 5.Y./IN.	REMARKS			
						(
3-3-03	18+90	19+80	120.0	12*	0	0		CONSTRUCTION		
							# 15G. DA	TED AUGUST	17. 1984	
3-3-03	19+90	20+00	13.3	16"	4.	53.2				
			PP () IF	CT TOTAL		52.0				
			TROJE	OT TOTAL		53.2				
						ļ				

		EM 724-0			1						,
		MENT WID									
	50	uare yai	P D								
DATE	STA	STA	SIDE &	LENGTH	WIDTH	5Q. YD.	INSP.	REMARKS			
					[]					
3-3-03	16+00	24+00	LT.	800.0	4.0	355.6	Ø.B.				
3-4-03	24+50	- 30+50	LT.	600.0	4.0	266.7	€.B.				
					ΔV						
3-4-03	30+50	32+50	LT.	200.0	AV. 5.0	111.1	e.B.	TRANSITION	4.0' TO 6.0'		
					AV.						
3-5-03	34+50	- 36+50	LT.	200.0	AV. [5.0	111.1	e.B.	TRANSITION	6.0' TO 4.0'		
							2.0				
3-5-03	36+50	- 38+00	LT.	150.0	4.0	66.7	Ø.B.				
			PP A IF	CT TOTAL	[211.0	0.0				
			I KOJL	VI IOTAL		911.2	€.B.				
					[]					
										_	

/				ITE	M 725-01 ^l]				
			Т	EMPORAR'	DETOUR	ROADS				
				I INF	AR FOOT					
				21112						
STATION T	O STATION	SIDE &	ACTUAL MEASUR	FIELD EMENT		REM	ARKS			
20+40 T	0 20+73	RT.	80.	4		MEAS	SURED ALONG	& DETOUR RO	DAD. RT.	
						EDGE	OF PROJECT	PAVEMENT T	O BEGINNING	
						OF I	DETOUR BRIDG	E 5-20-	-03 S.W.	
21+05 T	0 21+46	RT.	82.	þ		MEAS	URED ALONG	& DETOUR RO	DAD	
						AT E	ND OF DETOL	IR BRIDGE TO	RT.	
						EDGE	OF PROJECT	PAVEMENT.		
								5-20-	03 S.W.	
	PRO.	JECT TOT	AL 162.	4						
NOTE:		THIS ITE	M 15 TO	BE PAID E	Y LINEAR	FOOT. W	HENEVER -	THE		
PAY	UNIT IS S	QUARE YA	RD. ALL 1	MEASUREM	ENTS FOR	DETAILE	D			
CALC	ULATIONS	WILL BE	SHOWN.							
						1				

					(
					ITEM	729				
				TRAF	FIC SIGNS	AND DE	VICES			
					SQUARE	FOOT				
	ITEM	729	I-O1	SIGN	(TYPE A) (SQUARE	FOOT		
	ITEM	729	-02	SIGN	(TYPE B)		SQUARE	FOOT		
	ITEM	729	-03	SIGN	(TYPE C)		SQUARE	FOOT		
	ITEM	729	-04	SIGN	(TYPE D)		SQUARE	FOOT		
	ITEM	729	-05	SIGN	(TYPE E)		SQUARE	FOOT		
	ITEM	729	-06	SIGN	(OVERHEAD.	MOUNTED)	SQUARE	FOOT		
	ITEM	729	-07	SIGN	COVERHEAD	PANEL)	SQUARE	FOOT		
	SIDE				[
STATION	SIDE &	729-01	729-02	729-03	729-04	729-05	729-06	729-07	REMARKS	
14+60	RT.	12.0		14.6	[8.6			PAY PLAN QI	
									SEE OZALID 12 5-16-03	SHEET NO.
14+60	O/ HEAD						125.0	125.0		B.I. JANTITY. SEE 5-16-03
										T NO.12 s.t.
16+00	RT.		16.0		14.0				PAY PLAN QI	5-18-03
										T NO.12 5.T.
PROJEC	T TOTAL	12.0	16.0	14.6	14.0	8.6	125.0	125.0	PLAN QUAN	TITY
					[
NOTE:	ALL	QUANTITIE	S PAID A	RE PLAN (QUANTITIES	. DETAILE	D DIMENSI	ONS		
	AND	COMPUTA	TIONS WIL	L BE REF	ERENCED	WHENEVE	r quantit	ES OTHER		
	THAI	PLAN QI	JANTITIES	ARE ACC	EPTED.					
					[

			ITEM 7	25-03	TEMPOR!	RY DETO	DUR BRIDGI	NG			
					LINEAR	FOOT					
				ACTUAL							
STATION T	O STATION	SIDE &	PLAN LENGTH	FIELD MEAS.		RFM	ARKS				
		L	LLITOTTI	TILAU.							
20+73 T	0 21+05	ę	22.0	230	(EXIS1	ING FIELD CC	NDITIONS REQ	UIRED		
						THE	CONTRACTOR	TO LENGTHEN	DETOUR		
						BRID	GE TO FACILIT	ATE PILE DRIV	NG.		
								BRIDGE DESIG			
						APPR	OVED PRIOR	TO CONSTRUC	TION.		
									03 S.W.		
PR	OJECT TO	TAL	22.0								
					[
					ſ						
NOTE	CHAN	GE IN ACC	EPTED PA	Y QUANTI	TY AND SI	EE SUB-	SECTION 7	25-05			
		DARD SPE									
	01 01711	D7110 01 E	2011 1071110	10. 1102	LDIIIOII.						
					[
										 	
\						'					

	ITEM	726-01								
	CONDU	T BACKFIL	L							
	CUBI	C YARD								
STA.	MEAS. LENGTH	MEAS. DEPTH	WIDTH	PIPE DEDUCTION		PAY CUBIC YDS	REMARK	5		
					ſ					
							MAKE REFERENCE TO PLAN SHEET NO. OR DETALLED SKETCHES IN FIELD BOOK, THAT WILL CLARIFY THE PROCEDURE USED IN COMPUTING THE PAY QUANTITY FOR EITHER BACKFILL OR BEDDING MATERAL.	1		
	TIU	.5	丑	150			- E Z - L	8		
	ONC III	DING	•	SEC			N Y N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	5		
	ACTUAL MEASURED LENGTH OF CONDUIT LESS LENGTH IN OTHER DRAINAGE STRUCTURE BEDDING OR BACKFILL PLUS 3-10:	ACCORDING	18' OUTSIDE OF AND PARALLEL TO OUTSIDE WALL OF CONDUIT AT 17'S GREATEST HORIZONTAL DIMENSION.	INCLUDING OR AS DIRECTED			1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Σ	60	
	A CANA	AGG	T A T	A A			12 0. 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	JAN .	≥ ⁶ / ₀	
	2 % X	F 0.	AR/ IDUII	Z 0			A THE STATE OF THE	S. S.	5 - 13 - C	
	A H S	MEASURED DEPTH SECTION 701.10.	TAL	TOTAL PIPE DEDUCTION CONCRETE PIPE WALLS ON PLANS.	[N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Σ <u>Σ</u>		
	ED ON CO	N E	A PC	N W W			PAY 7	<u> </u>		
	SUR T IN	SUR	0F 1. (0RIZ	PE PE		≻		7 4 E		
	1E A C T F	JEA.	N M M M	<u>п</u> п.с		QUANTITY	25 7 7 5 E	28		
LOCATION	7 LEV	SUB	UTS IDE TES	A P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	[A A	A PLANT	ED A		
- X	- 0.	STU,	O TO	14 0 X			A = - 8 = -	ANS TANIE		
27	AC LE SJ	ACT TO	20 0 20	235		Z H	₹ 88254	김		
					[

											_
ITEM	729-16	OBJECT	MARKER A	SSEMBLY'	ſ			ITEM 730			
		EAC	H1				TRENC	ING AND B	ACKFILLING	,	
								LINEAR FC	ОТ		
								ACTUAL			
STATION	SIDE &	EACH	REMARKS			STATION	SIDE E	ACTUAL FIELD MEAS.	REMARKS		
23+00	LT	4	ACTUAL FIE	LD COUNT	<u> </u>	14+50	LT.	42.0	S.T. 5-14	-03	
			5.T. 5-	20-03							
						16+00 18+00	RT.	200.0	S.T. 5-15	-03	
PROJEC	TOTAL	4				10.00					
						19+00 19+50	RT.	63.2	S.T. 5-15	-03	
					[305.2	PROJEC [*]	T TOTAL	
					(
					ſ						
											_

			I							
		ITEM	732-01	PLASTIC	PAVEMENT	 STRIPIN(. (_ " WID	THO		
				L	INEAR FOO	ΣT				
			SIDE &	ACTUAL FIELD MEAS.						
STATION	TO	STATION	ę.	MEAS.		RE	MARKS			
11+00	TO	16+00	ę	150.0	5.T. 5-10-03	ME	ASURED LENG	TH REFLECTS		
						ST	RIPING ONLY	APS ARE NO		
16+00	TO	21+00	ę	100.0	5.T. 5-11-03	INC	LUDED IN MEA	SUREMENTS.		
					3 11 33					
PROJEC [*]	ΓΙΟΙΛΙ			250.0						
110000	I IOIAL			250.0						
					l					
		. 722 0 4	OF CTAN	0.400.600		6 1000	EDITION			
SEE SUE	3-5EC 1101	1 /32.04	OF STAN	DARD SPE	CIFICATION	5, 1482	EDITION.			

		ITEM	732-02	PLASTIC	PAVEMENT	STRIPINO	(SOLID L	INE) (_ "	WIDTHO	MILE	
		ITEM	732-03	PLASTIC	PAVEMENT	STRIPINO	(BROKEN	LINE) (_	" WIDTH)	MILE	
STATION	TO	STATION	SIDE E	ITEM 732-02	ITEM 732-03	RE	MARKS				
21+00	ТО	24+00	LT.	300.01	[AC	TUAL FIELD M	EASURED S	T. 5-21-03		
21+00	ТО	24+00	RT.	300.01		AC	TUAL FIELD M	EASURED S	T. 5-21-03		
21+00	ТО	24+00	Ą.		300.01	AC	TUAL FIELD M	EASURED S	T. 5-21-03		
		TOTAL		600.01	300.0						
PROJEC.	T TOTAL			0.114	0.057						
				MILE	MILE						
					[
NOTE:					IN LINEAR						
	THIS WAY.	THE CON	VERTED F	PAY UNIT	OF ANY IT	EM CAN	BE VERIFIE	D BY			
	USING THE	ORIGINAL	MEASUR	EMENTS.							
					[
					[
											$oxed{oxed}$

		I	TEM 734-	01					
	RUBBLIZIN	IG PORTL	AND CEME	NT CONCI	ETE PAVE	MENT			
		Ç	QUARE Y	4RD					
DATE	STA	STA	LENGTH	WIDTH	SQ. YARD	INSP.	REMARKS		
					1]			
2-13-03	24+50	25+90	140.0	20.0	311.1	Ø.B.			
2-13-03	27+80	28+20	40.0	10.0	44.4	€.B.	LT. &		
						€.B.	TURNOUT RT. & . SEE P. C FOR FIELD MEAS. AND C	6	
2-14-03	41+60	42+80	VAR	IES	126.0	(e.D.	FOR FIELD MEAS. AND C	OMPUTATIONS	
		PROJE(T TOTAL		481.5	 			
						-			

			E	arzare A	RMS BRII)GE			
				BENT	NO.1				
				[
	1	2		3	4		5	6	
				[
				[SW	
				[
				[

			IT	EM 803-	01 TIMBER	SHEET F	PILE WALL			
					SQUARE	FOOT				
			PAY	PLAN QL	antity or	ADJUST	ED QUANT	ITY		
LOC	ATION		PLAN QUANT.		ADJUSTED PAY QUANT.		REMARKS			
RPID	GE #1		1500.0		1500.0		PAY PLAN DIN	1ENSIONS 25'	v CO:	
	T SIDE		1200.0		1300.0			DIMENSIONS		
	DER SYSTEM							5-1-03	23.3 x 00	
I LINE	LK SISILII						J.W.	2-1-03		
BDID	GE #1		1500.0		1500.0			1ENSIONS 25'	CO:	
	T SIDE		1200.0		1300.0			D DIMENSIONS		
	DER SYSTEM							5-3-03	ZJ X J1.1	
I LINE	LK SISILII						٥.٧٧.	<i>></i> ->-0>		
		OJECT TO	ΤΛΙ		3000.0					
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20201 10	176		3000.0 (
NOTE:	T	HE ACTUA	L FIELD D	IMENSIONS	ARE WITH	TOLE	RANCES TO	D BE ACCE	PTED BY	
PROJECT					S AS PA					
					(
					,					

					[
					PILING	SUMMAR	 			
	ITFM	804-01	(D)		1 1211 101		•			
1		AST CONCRI								
				LIN. FT.			REMARKS			
E	BARZARE AR	MS BRIDGE		1122.2	[143-341. P.53		
ç	SOILEAU ST	ABLES OVERF	PASS	1074.8			FLD. BK. #	:142-362. P.78		
	DUCOTE PUT	T-PUTT BRID	GE	1416.0			FLD. BK. ‡	‡141-G22. P.G4		
		PROJECT T	OTAL	3613.0						
				5W						
				5-4-03						
					[
N					R THAT WILL					
					TOUT. FROM					
					ING BACK THE	ROUGH				
			REFERENCES		. 10 175146					
	IHIS	PORMAT CA	AN BE USED	FOR ALL SIM	ILAR TEMS.					
					1					

 I	I							1	ı	
)
				PILING	SUMMAR'	<u> </u>				
ITEM	804-01([))(X)								
18"x18" PRE	AST CONCR	ETE PILES								
	CUT-OFF									
	LIN. FT.									
			LINI ET			REMARKS				
			LIN. FT.							
BARZARE AR	MS BRIDGE		3.7			FLD. BK. #	143-341. P.53			
	PROJECT T	OTAL	3.7							
				[CAN				
						5W 5-4-03				
				[
							1		I	

	ITEI	1 804-01	(D)		[IT	M 804-01	CDOCXO	
18*	x18" PREC	AST CON	CRETE PIL	ES		18"	×18" PILE C	UT-OFF	
		LIN. FT.					LIN. FT.		
ВАЯ	rzare ari	MS BRIDGI	-			BARZ	ARE ARMS	BRIDGE	
	BENT	L.F.	REMARKS			BENT	L.F.	REMARKS	
	1	280.5	P.51		(1	1.1	P.51	
	2	282.1	P.50			4	2.6	P.48	
	3	280.6	P.49						
	4	279.0	P.48			BRIDGE TOTAL	3.7		
								5W 5-4-()3
В	RIDGE TOTAL	1122.2						5 '	
			5W 5-4-0	b					
			9						
					ι				
					[
					[
			1						

			PERMANENT	PILE RECOR	Þ	[ITE	M 804	(01)(D)	
			ВЕ	NT NO.7									
	IN:	SPECTORS (LAUSEN + [ESOTO	STATION GO	+05.22					£		
											4		
						[1	2	3	4	
+		H.I.	-	ELEV.									
0.67		18.90		(18.23)	B.M. R.R. SP 79' RT. STA	KE IN 48° OA	<						
			7.80	11.10	TEMPLATE EI								
			2.01	16.89	CUT-OFF EL	EVATION							
0.61		18.96	0.55	18.35	TOP OF STA	KE							
			0.72	18.24	(18.23) B.M. IN 48° OAK	R.R. SPIKE							
Pl	_AN 1	TIP ELEV.: -	63.11		STA. 61+00								
Cl	JT-0	FF ELEV.:	16.89										
SI:	ZE ¢	F PILING: 4	-18° • 80′										
T`	YPE H	HAMMER: V	ULCAN OR 3	O.225 FT. LE	5.	[
51	PEED	RAM: 5	O BPM; STR	DKE: 3.25'; V	VT. RAM 930	O LBS.							
										LAST 5	5 FOOT		
	PILE NO.	ELEV. PT. OF PILE	ELEV. GROUND	PENET	GROSS LENGTH	CUT-OFF	CUT-OFF OVER 1ft.	NET LENGTH	BLOWS FT.	HEIGHT FALL	PENET	AVG. PENT. PER BLOW	TONS
									43 52				
5/6/03	1	-63.11	6.3	69.41	80.01	0.0'	0.0	80.0	67 76 83	3.25	12.	0.1446	123.6
/6/03	2	-G2.11	6.3	G8.41	80.0	1.O ⁻	1.0	79.0	95. 96. 119 120. 125	3.25	12.	0.0960	154.2
/6/03	3	-62.01	6.3	68.31	80.0	1.1"	1.1'	78.9	98. 100. 120 119. 126	3.25	11.	0.0893	161.4
/6/03	4	-62.21	6.3	68.51	80.0	0.9	0.9	79.1	120, 121, 120 125, 125	3.25	12.	0.0960	154.2
									120. 120				
					BENT TOTAL	1	1.1	317.0					
						'							

											\top
	TEM 804	-05			{						
PRECAST	CONCRETE	TEST PILES				HAMMER	SERIAL NO.:				
	EACH					FAIR	HILD #20	48-54 BLOW	15		
						20.0	00 FT./LBS/	PER MINUTE			
TEST PIL	E #1 (18°×18	*x55′)				DESI	N LOAD: 30	TONS			
BARZARE	ARMS BRIDG	ŀΕ				CUT-	OFF ELEVATION	N: 65.0			
BENT NO	. 1 STA. 18+	00 10' RT. Q				FALL	39.				
GROUND	ELEVATION :	60.0				DATE	FOOT	BLOWS PER FT.	PENETRATION	TIP ELEV.	TONS
							9	29	5.9	51.0	38.9
DATE	FOOT	BLOWS PER FT.	PENETRATION	TIP ELEV.	TONS			FOOT #	10 THRU #44	NOT	
								SHOWN	ON EXAMPLE (NLY	
2-1-03	1						45	40	36.9	15.0	50.0
	2		WEIGHT OF	HAMMER +	- PILE		46	42	37.9	14.0	51.9
	3)					47	46	38.9	13.0	55.4
	4	9	0.9	56.0	14.0 (48	46	39.9	12.0	55.4
	5	12	1.9	55.0	18.2		49	47	40.9	11.0	56.3
	6	15	2.9	54.0	22.2		50	47	41.9	10.0	56.3
	7	16	3.9	53.0	23.2						
	8	25	4.9	52.0	34.5		PROJEC	T TOTAL 1 E	СН		

	ITEM	804-09				{					
	LOADING	TEST PILE	5								
	EΑ	СН									
TEST	PILE #1	(18″x18″x5	5′)			DATE	TEST LOAD IN TONS	TIME (A.M. OR P.M.)	READING RI BEFORE	EADING ELA AFTER DE	ST TOTAL F. SETTLEMENT
BARZ	ARE ARMS	BRIDGE				{	63.0	8:35 A.M.	3 1/8" 3	1/8"	3 1/8° 5W
BENT	NO.1 STA	. 18+00	10' RT. &				67.5	8:40 A.M.	3 1/8" 3	3 1/8"	3 1/8° 5W
GROL	ND ELEVA	TION: 60	.0				72.0	8:45 A.M.	3 1/8" 3	3/16"	3 3/16° 5W
DESIG	N LOAD:	30 TONS					76.5	8:50 A.M.	3 3/16° 3	3/16°	3 3/16° 5W
							81.0	8:55 A.M.	3 3/16. 3	3/16	3 3/16° 5W
DATE	TEST LOAD IN TONS	TIME (A.M. OR P.M.)	READING RI BEFORE A	EADING EL AFTER D	AST TOTAL DEF. SETTLEMENT		85.5	9:00 A.M.	3 3/16" 3	3 1/4"	3 1/4" SW
2-16-03	4.5	7:30 A.M.	3.	3.	3° 5W		90.0	9:05 A.M.	3 3/16.	3 1/4	3 1/4° 5W
	9.0	7:35 A.M.	3"	3.	3. 91	[67.5	9:10 A.M.	3 3/16" 3	3 1/4"	3 1/4° SW
	13.5	7:40 A.M.	3.	3*	3° 5W		45.0	9:15 A.M.	3 3/16.	3 1/4	3 1/4° 5W
	18.0	7:45 A.M.	3"	3*	3° 5W		22.5	9:20 A.M.	3 3/16" 3	3 1/4"	3 1/4° SW
	22.5	7:50 A.M.	3.	3*	3° 5W		0.0	9:25 A.M.	3	3 1/4"	3 1/4° 5W
	27.0	7:55 A.M.	3.	3*	3. 91/		0.0	9:30 A.M.	3	3 1/8"	3 1/8° 5W
	31.5	8:00 A.M.	3. 3	1/8	3 1/8° 5W		0.0	9:35 A.M.	3	3 1/8	3 1/8° 5W
	36.0	8:05 A.M.	3 1/8' 3	1/8	3 1/8° 5W		0.0	9:40 A.M.	3	3 1/8	3 1/8° 5W
	40.5	8:10 A.M.	3 1/8' 3	1/8	3 1/8° 5W		0.0	9:45 A.M.	3	3 1/8	3 1/8° 5W
	45.0	8:15 A.M.	3 1/8' 3	1/8	3 1/8.5%		0.0	9:50 A.M.	3	3 1/8"	3 1/8° 5W
	49.5	8:20 A.M.	3 1/8' 3	1/8"	3 1/8° 5W						
	54.0	8:25 A.M.	3 1/8' 3	1/8	3 1/8" 5\	{	PROJECT	TOTAL 1	EACH		
	58.5	8:30 A.M.	3 1/8" 3	1/8"	3 1/8° 5W						

			ITEM 80	5-01(X)(`	r) CLASS	I'A' CON	CRETE .	OZ PAY		
						P.C. #6				
					BRIDGE	NO.1				
					DNIDGL	NO.1				
	BENT		PLAN QUANT.		ADJ. PAY QUANT.	}	REMARKS			
			C.Y.		C.Y.					
	5		15.00		1.00		SEE OZALID	SHEET NO. 11 IONS IN FIELD 76-134, P. 41	2	
			13.00		1.00		BOOK NO. 1	76-134. P. 41		
					1.00	0.14				
			BRIDGE TOTAL	-	1.00	C.Y.				
	ITEM 805	-01(X)(Y) PF	OJECT TOTA	L	1.00	C.Y.	SW 3-15-03	3		
						- 				
\		1				1				ر ا

ITEM 805-04 CLAS	SS 'A' CONCRETE							
PAY PLAN QUANTIT	y or adjustment							
BRIDGE	NO.1							
BENT	PLAN QUANT.	ADJ. PAY QUANT.		REMARKS				
	C.Y.	C.Y.						
				SEE OZA	JD SHEET NO	0. 112		
1	15.00	17.00		& COMPU	JTATIONS IN	FIELD		
				BOOK NO	. 176–134, 1	P.40		
2	10.00	10.00		SEE OZAL	LID SHEET N	þ. 114		
				SEE OZAL	LID SHEET N	o. 114		
3	10.00	9.50			JTATIONS IN . 176-134, I			
					PAID UNDEF			
4	10.00	10.00		SEE OZA	LID SHEET N	0. 114		
				SEE OZA	LID SHEET N	φ. 112		
5	15.00	16.00 {		& COMP	UTATIONS IN	FIELD		
				1.00 C.Y.	. 176–134, I PAID UNDEF	7. 40,41 R 805(1)(X)(Y)	
	BRIDGE TOTAL	62.50	C.Y.					
ITEM 805(01) PR	OJECT TOTAL	62.50	C.Y.	SW 3-15	-03			
		-						

	ITEM 8	05-08			[
PRECAST	- PREST	RESSED (CONCRETE					
	GIRDERS	(TYPE)						
	LINEAR	FOOT						
F	PAY PLAN	QUANTITY						
	BRIDGE	NO. 1			[
	MEASURED							
SPAN	LIN. FT./M	REMARKS						
1	297.08	SEE OZALII	SHEET NO.	116				
		SW	4-8-03					
2	297.08	SEE OZALII	SHEET NO.	116				
		5W	4-8-03		[
3	297.08	SEE OZALII	SHEET NO.	116				
		5W	4-9-03					
4	297.08	SEE OZALII	SHEET NO.	116	[
		SW	4-9-03					
	1188.32	PROJ	ECT TOTAL					
NOTE:		EET NO.116.	WILL					
	VERIFY PA	Y QUANTITY						
					[
					[

		I	TFM 805-	10 BRIDGE	SUPERS	J Tructurf	AND SUF	STRUCTUR	F	
		<u> </u>				AN				
IST	RE'S FAS	TRACK	BRIDGE							
1011	INE O TAO	TIVECTI	DIVID GIL							
	SPAN NO.		DATE COMPLETED		SPAN	RE	MARKS			
	1		3-9-03		1		SW 3-9-03	}		
	1		4-6-03		1		SW 4-6-03	3		
	1		4-11-03		1		SW 4-11-03	В		
	1		3-12-03		1		SW 3-12-0	3		
			PROJECT TO	TAL	4					
					I					

		T	I		I		I			
	ITEM	807-06			[ITEM	807-01	\
5	TRUCTURA	METALW	ORK					STEE	(A-36)	
	LUM	P SUM						Р	OUND	
1-15	-03 2	5% COMPLET	E							
2-15	-03 5	0% COMPLET	E SW		(PROJEC	T TOTAL 250.	000 LB.
3-15	-03 7	5% COMPLET	E							SW
4-15	-03 10	0% COMPLET	E.							5W 5-4-03
			211							
PRO	JECT TOTAL	100% COMP	LETE					SEE LET	TER FROM BR	IDGE
								DESIGN	DATED 4-27-	03
		5\ 4-15	N -03							
					[
THE	SE FINAL FIE	LD BOOK EN	TRIES WILL B	E THE REFER	ENCE [
SH	OWN IN THE F	INAL ESTIMA	E PRINTOUT.	ADDITIONAL	FIELD					
NO	TES WILL BE	RECORDED E	LSEWHERE A	5 REQUIRED	BY THE					
PRO	JECT ENGINE	ER.								
					[
					ı					

								I		I	
	ITEM	808-01			Ĺ			ITEM 8	10-01		\
	STEEL GRI	D FLOORI	NG				CO1	CRETE RAI	LING (TYPE)	
	SQUAF	E FOOT						LINEAR	FOOT		
	PAY PLAI	n Quantit	Υ					AY PLAN	QUANTITY		
ISTR		TRACK E	RIDGE					BRIDGE	NO.1		
SPAN NO.	DATE COMPLETED	SQUARE FEET	REMARKS		ί		SPAN NO.	LIN. FT.	REMARKS		
3	4-29-03	1920.0	SEE OZALIE	PLANS			1	40.0	SEE OZALID NO. 121 SW SEE OZALID	SHEET 5-8-03	
			SHEET NO.	112			1	40.0	SEE OZALID NO. 121 SW SEE OZALID	SHEET 5-8-03	
			5W 4-	-29-03			1	40.0	INO 121 SW	1 5-8-03	
							1	40.0	SEE OZALID NO. 121 SW	5-8-03	
Р	ROJECT TOT	AL 1920.0									
					[160.0	PROJECT TO	TAL	
N	OTE: PLA	n quantity	HAS BEEN A	CEPTED BY	PROJECT ENG	INEER AS T	HE CORRECT				
	UANTITY. THI	5 FIELD BOO	K AND PAGE	NUMBER WILL	. BE REFEREN	CED ON TH	E FINAL				
E	STIMATE PRIN	TOUT. THE G	UANTITIES RE	FERENCED C	n the ozalie	PLANS WIL	-L				
В	E NOTED ON	THE PLANS	WITH A CHE	K MARK TO	INDICATE THE	Y HAVE BEE	N				
Δ	CCEPTED AS	CORRECT.									
					[
					[
											1 /

	ITEM 812-02	 TREATED TIMBER			
	MF	BM			
PLAN QUAN	TITY WILL BE PAID F	ROVIDED THERE IS	NO CHANG	E	
IN DESIGN.	ALL QUANTITY EXTEN	SIONS WILL BE CH	ECKED ON	THE	
BILL OF MA	TERIALS ON THE PL	ANS AND EACH ACC	EPTED		
	VILL BE NOTED WITH			RPOSE	
	ANENT FIELD RECOR				
	THE PLANS WILL BE				
	EFERENCE ON THE				
	TERIAL SHOWN ON				
	D BOOK FOR VERIFI				
117 1112 1122	DOOK TOK VEKIT	(' ·		
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